Thermal Process Technology

Furnaces and Heat Treatment Plants for
Annealing, Hardening, Tempering
Forming, Preheating, Forging
Heat Cleaning
Vacuum Technology, Pyrolysis, Brazing
MIM, CIM, Debinding, Sintering
Additive Manufacturing, 3D-Printing
Plastics, Rubber, Silicone
Fiber Composites, GFRP, CFRP
Medtech
AMS 2750 E, NADCAP, CQI-9
Energy Efficiency Technology

www.nabertherm.com
**Made in Germany**

Nabertherm with 450 employees worldwide have been developing and producing industrial furnaces for many different applications for over 60 years. As a manufacturer, Nabertherm offers the widest and deepest range of furnaces worldwide. 150,000 satisfied customers in more than 100 countries offer proof of our commitment to excellent design, quality and cost efficiency. Short delivery times are ensured due to our complete inhouse production and our wide variety of standard furnaces.

**Setting Standards in Quality and Reliability**

Nabertherm does not only offer the widest range of standard furnaces. Professional engineering in combination with inhouse manufacturing provide for individual project planning and construction of tailor-made thermal process plants with material handling and charging systems. Complete thermal processes are realized by customized system solutions.

Innovative Nabertherm control technology provides for precise control as well as full documentation and remote monitoring of your processes. Our engineers apply state-of-the-art technology to improve the temperature uniformity, energy efficiency, reliability and durability of our systems with the goal of enhancing your competitive edge.

**Global Sales and Service Network – Close to you**

Nabertherm’s strength is one of the biggest R&D department in the furnace industry. In combination with central manufacturing in Germany and decentralized sales and service close to the customer we can provide for a competitive edge to live up to your needs. Long term sales and distribution partners in all important world markets ensure individual on-site customer service and consultation. There are various reference customers in your neighborhood who have similar furnaces or systems.

**Large Customer Test Center**

Which furnace is the right choice for this specific process? This question cannot always be answered easily. Therefore, we have set up our modern test center which is unique in respect to size and variety. A representative number of furnaces is available for tests for our customers.

**Customer Service and Spare Parts**

Our professional service engineers are available for you worldwide. Due to our complete inhouse production, we can despatch most spare parts from stock over night or produce with short delivery time.

**Experience in Many Fields of Thermal Processing**

In addition to furnaces for thermal process technology, Nabertherm offers a wide range of standard furnaces and plants for many other thermal processing applications. The modular design of our products provides for customized solutions to your individual needs without expensive modifications.
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### Which Furnace for Which Process?

#### Preheating for Forging
- Press Hardening
- Heating of sheet metals
- Preheating of molds

#### Hardening, Annealing
- Ageing
- Austempering
- Diffusion annealing
- Pack hardening
- Recovery annealing
- Coarse grain annealing

#### Quenching
- Water
- Air
- Oil
- Polymer

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### Preheating for Forging

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- Chamber furnaces gas-fired - page 48
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### Hardening, Annealing

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- Top hat furnaces with annealing box - page 54
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- Salt-bath furnaces - page 60

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Annealing furnace with electro-hydraulic lift door on transportable base for preheating of large steel sheets for the automotive industry see page 50.

Salt-bath furnace TS 40/30 with exhaust gas collection at crucible rim see page 60.

Water quench tank with powerful water-circulation.
Tempering, Annealing

- Tempering
- Precipitation annealing
- Ageing annealing
- Recovery annealing

- Solution annealing
- Preheating
- Reduced hydrogen annealing

Tempering Plants

- Solution annealing
- Quenching
- Artificial ageing

in Air
- Chamber dryers page 32
- Forced convection chamber furnaces > 560 liters page 26
- Forced convection chamber furnaces < 675 liters page 24
- Forced convection chamber furnaces with clean room technology, page 23
- Forced convection bogie hearth furnaces page 42
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- Martempering furnaces page 61
- Fully automatic tempering plant page 72/73
- Manual tempering plant page 74/75

Manual tempering plant for hardening of steel rods see page 74/75

Program Step
Evacuation
Waiting
Pressure Test
Waiting
Test Over-Pressure
Filling-up
Heating
Heating Heat
Supply of Process Gases
Cooling
Holding
Safety
Pressure
Concentration
Open Door

Temperature

Atmosphere

Pressure

Process flow chart
### Which Furnace for Which Process?

#### Brazing/Soldering

- Soft soldering
- Brazing
- High-temperature brazing
- Dip brazing of steel
- Dip brazing of aluminum

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#### Curing, Tempering, Drying

- Composites
- Molds
- Adhesive
- Plastics
- Lacquers
- Silicone
- Surface Drying
- Preheating
- Vulcanizing
- Conditioning

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Sintering of MIM titan parts in a VHT furnace

Brazing in a gas-supply box

VHT 500/22-GR H₂ with graphite insulation and heating see page 16
**Thermal/Thermo-Chemical Processes**

**Surface Treatment, Cleaning**

- Carburizing
- Blueing (e.g. with water steam)
- Nitriding/nitrocarbozizing
- Deoxidizing under hydrogen
- Pyrolysis
- Heat cleaning
- Oxidizing

**in Powders**

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- Retort furnaces for catalytic debinding
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### Thermal Separation Processes

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<tr>
<td>Debinding and sintering in oxidising atmosphere</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
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<tr>
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<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
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<td>✓</td>
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</table>

| Avoid igniting | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Provoke igniting | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Diluted atmosphere | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Inerted atmosphere | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Open combustion | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| O₂ content | ≥ 20 % | ≥ 20 % | 0-3 % | ≤ 3 % | < > 20 % varies | < > 20 % varies |
| Vaporisation speed | slow | fast | slow | slow - fast | slow - fast | very fast |
| Loading / unloading | cold/cold | cold/cold | hot/hot | cold/cold | cold/cold | cold/cold |
| Tmax | 1800 °C | 450 °C | 850 °C | 500 °C | 1400 °C | 850 °C |
| Electrically heated | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Gas-fired | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| External TNV | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Internal TNV | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| External KNV | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

Blueing of drills in water steam atmosphere in a furnace of the NRA range see page 14
Additive manufacturing allows for the direct conversion of design construction files into fully functional objects. With 3D-printing, objects from metals, plastics, ceramics, glass, sand or other materials are built-up in layers until they have reached their final shape.

Depending on the material, the layers are interconnected by means of a binder system or by laser technology.

In most cases, these objects must be heat treated after printing. Nabertherm offers solutions from curing for conservation of the green strength up to vacuum furnaces in which the objects of metal are annealed or sintered.

Additive Manufacturing, 3D-Printing

Additive manufacturing allows for the direct conversion of design construction files into fully functional objects. With 3D-printing, objects from metals, plastics, ceramics, glass, sand or other materials are built-up in layers until they have reached their final shape.

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In most cases, these objects must be heat treated after printing. Nabertherm offers solutions from curing for conservation of the green strength up to vacuum furnaces in which the objects of metal are annealed or sintered.

Also, concomitant or upstream processes of additive manufacturing require the use of a furnace in order to achieve the desired product properties, such as heat treatment or drying the powder.
Plastics

Tempering, Curing, Vulcanization and Degassing of Plastics, Rubber, Silicone, and Fiber Composite Materials

Many plastics and fiber composite materials must be heat-treated for product improvement or to ensure that they have the required product properties. In most cases, chamber dryers or furnaces with air circulation are used for the respective process. The following examples outline the processes which these furnaces can perform.

PTFE (polytetrafluoroethylene)

One application is the heat treatment of PTFE. This process can be used to improve the adhesive properties, the mixture hardness or the sliding properties of the coating. In most cases, chamber dryers are used which, depending on the type of plastic, may or may not include safety technology based on EN 1539.

Silicone

One reason why silicone is tempered is to reduce the amount of silicone oil in the silicone to a certain percentage, i.e. to drive it out, in order to meet relevant food regulations. During the tempering process the silicone oil is vented out of the furnace chamber by continuous air exchange. To optimize the temperature uniformity in the furnace chamber, the fresh air supply is preheated. Depending on the furnace size, a heat-recovery system with heat exchangers can result in significant energy savings and pay for itself in just a short time.

Parts are prevented from sticking together by keeping them moving in a rotating rack in the oven.

Carbon Composite Materials

These days, carbon composite materials are used in many industries such as automotive, aerospace, wind power, agriculture, etc. Different materials and manufacturing processes require different heat-treatment processes for curing composite materials.

Some of the processes are done in autoclaves. Other materials are heat-treated in chamber dryers or furnaces with air circulation. In this case, the composite materials are frequently evacuated in vacuum bags. For this purpose, the furnace is equipped with suitable connections for the evacuation of the air bags.

Pages 6/7 contain a description of which Nabertherm furnace ranges are suitable for tempering and curing of plastics.
Brazing, Forming

The furnaces shown in this catalog can be used for various heat treatment processes. Nabertherm has developed interesting solutions for the processes described below as examples:

**Brazing**

In general, when speaking of brazing we have to distinguish between soft-soldering, brazing and high-temperature brazing. This involves a thermal process for forming substance-to-substance bonds and material coatings during which a liquid phase is generated by the melting of the solder. Based on their melting temperatures, the solder processes are classified as follows:

- **Soft-solders**: $T_{\text{liq}} < 450 \, ^\circ C$
- **Brazing**: $T_{\text{liq}} > 450 \, ^\circ C < 900 \, ^\circ C$
- **High-temperature brazing**: $T_{\text{liq}} > 900 \, ^\circ C$

Beside the right selection of the solder, the flux if necessary, and ensuring that the surfaces are clean, the choice of the right brazing furnace is also key to the process. In addition to the actual brazing process, Nabertherm has furnaces for the preparation process in their range such as for metallizing ceramics in preparation for brazing ceramic-to-metal bonds.

The following furnace concepts are available for brazing:

- Brazing in an annealing box in the forced convection chamber furnace up to 850 °C in a protective gas atmosphere
- Brazing in an annealing box in a chamber furnace up to 1100 °C under a protective gas atmosphere
- Brazing in a hot-wall retort furnace NR/NRA product line under protective gases or reaction gas up to 1100 °C
- Brazing in a cold-wall retort furnace VHT product line under protective gases, reaction gases or under vacuum up to 2200 °C
- Brazing in a salt bath up to 1000 °C salt bath temperature
- Brazing or metallizing in a tube furnace up to 1800 °C under protective gases, reaction gases or in a vacuum up to 1400 °C

In the Nabertherm Test Center in Lilienthal, Germany, a range of sample furnaces is available for customers testing applications which is the best approach to define the right furnace for a specific application.

**Preheating for Hot Forming**

For traditional hot forming processes such as forging or die forming the piece must first be heated to a defined temperature. From the manufacture of individual parts to serial production, from thin metal sheets to components which are formed in the course of multiple passes – Nabertherm offers a broad range of furnaces and special solutions for these processes.

If, for example, only the ends of long components need to be heated, the furnace can be fitted with closable openings in the door to avoid any heat losses. To protect the operator, an isolating transformer is used which safely conducts away the electrical currents in case of touching the heating elements.

If the furnace is used near a forging hammer which causes strong vibrations, vibration dampers can be installed to separate the furnace from these frequencies. The needs of continuous forging processes are met by appropriate furnace models such as rotary hearth furnaces and continuous furnaces. The advantage of the rotary hearth furnace is its compact size and the charging/discharging of the work piece at one position.

If the task is to form sheet steel, for example in the automotive industry, the furnace needs a large width and depth in relation to its height. For easy charging, the furnaces are provided with a lift door and can, if necessary, be fitted with a charge support adapted for use with the charging stacker.
Hot-Wall Retort Furnaces up to 1100 °C

These gas tight retort furnaces are equipped with direct or indirect heating depending on temperature. They are perfectly suited for various heat treatment processes requiring a defined protective or a reaction gas atmosphere. These compact models can also be laid out for heat treatment under vacuum up to 600 °C. The furnace chamber consists of a gas tight retort with water cooling around the door to protect the special sealing. Equipped with the corresponding safety technology, retort furnaces are also suitable for applications under reaction gases, such as hydrogen or, in combination with the IDB package, for inert debinding or for pyrolysis processes.

Different model versions are available depending on the temperature range required for the process:

- **Models NRA ..../06 with Tmax 650 °C**
  - Heating elements located inside the retort
  - Temperature uniformity up to +/- 5 °C inside the work space see page 76
  - Retort made of 1.4571
  - Gas circulation fan in the back of the retort provides for optimal temperature uniformity

- **Models NRA ..../09 with Tmax 950 °C**
  - Outside heating with heating elements around the retort
  - Temperature uniformity up to +/- 5 °C inside the work space see page 76
  - Retort made of 1.4841
  - Fan in the back of the retort provides for optimal temperature uniformity

- **Models NR ..../11 with Tmax 1100 °C**
  - Outside heating with heating elements around the retort
  - Temperature uniformity up to +/- 5 °C inside the work space see page 76
  - Retort made of 1.4841
Vacuum pump for cold evacuation of the retort

Process control H3700 for automatic version

Basic version

- Compact housing in frame design with removable stainless steel sheets
- Controls and gas supply integrated in the furnace housing
- Welded charging supports in the retort or air-baffle box in the furnace with atmosphere circulation
- Swivel door hinged on right side with open cooling water system
- Depending on furnace volume for 950 °C- and 1100 °C-version the control system is divided in one or more heating zones
- Temperature control as furnace control with temperature measurement outside the retort
- Gas supply system for one non-flammable protective or reaction gas with flow meter and manual valve
- Port for vacuum pump for cold evacuation
- Operation under vacuum up to 600 °C with optional vacuum pumps
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive
- Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment

- Upgrade for other nonflammable gases
- Automatic gas injection, including MFC flow controller for alternating volume flow, controlled with process control H3700, H1700
- Vacuum pump for evacuating of the retort up to 600 °C, attainable vacuum up to 10⁻⁵ mbar subject to selected pump
- Cooling system for shortening process times
- Heat exchanger with closed-loop cooling water circuit for door cooling
- Measuring device for residual oxygen content
- Door heating
- Temperature control as charge control with temperature measurement inside and outside the retort
- Gas inlet with solenoid valve, controlled by the program
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80
Hot-Wall Retort Furnaces up to 1100 °C

charging of the NRA 300/06 retort furnace with a pallet truck

**H₂ Version for Operation with Flammable Process Gases**

When a flammable process gas like hydrogen is used, the retort furnace is additionally equipped with the required safety technology. Only certified and industry proven safety sensors are used. The furnace is controlled by a fail-safe PLC control system (S7- 300F/safety controller).

- Supply of flammable process gas at controlled overpressure of 50 mbar relative
- Certified safety concept
- PLC controls with graphic touch panel H3700 for data input
- Redundant gas inlet valves for hydrogen
- Monitored pre-pressures of all process gases
- Bypass for safe flushing of furnace chamber with inert gas
- Torch for thermal afterburning of exhaust gases
- Emergency flood container for purging the furnace in case of failure

**IDB Version for Debinding under Non-flammable Protective Gases or for Pyrolysis Processes**

The retort furnaces of the NR and NRA product line are perfectly suited for debinding under non-flammable protective gases or for pyrolysis processes. The IDB version of the retort furnaces implements a safety concept by controlled purging the furnace chamber with a protective gas. Exhaust gases are burned in an exhaust torch. Both the purging and the torch function are monitored to ensure a safe operation.

- Process control under monitored and controlled overpressure of 50 mbar relative
- Process control H1700 with PLC controls and graphic touch panel for data input
- Monitored gas pre-pressure of the process gas
- Bypass for safe flushing of furnace chamber with inert gas
- Torch for thermal afterburning of exhaust gases

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Work space dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Useful volume in l</th>
<th>Electrical connection*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NRA 17/</td>
<td>650 or 950</td>
<td>NR 17/11</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NRA 25/</td>
<td>650 or 950</td>
<td>NR 25/11</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NRA 50/</td>
<td>650 or 950</td>
<td>NR 50/11</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>325</td>
<td>475</td>
<td>325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NRA 75/</td>
<td>650 or 950</td>
<td>NR 75/11</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>325</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NRA 150/</td>
<td>650 or 950</td>
<td>NR 150/11</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NRA 200/</td>
<td>650 or 950</td>
<td>NR 200/11</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NRA 300/</td>
<td>650 or 950</td>
<td>NR 300/11</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>590</td>
<td>900</td>
<td>590</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NRA 400/</td>
<td>650 or 950</td>
<td>NR 400/11</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>590</td>
<td>1250</td>
<td>590</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NRA 500/</td>
<td>650 or 950</td>
<td>NR 500/11</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>720</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>720</td>
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<tr>
<td>NRA 700/</td>
<td>650 or 950</td>
<td>NR 700/11</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>720</td>
<td>1350</td>
<td>720</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NRA 1000/</td>
<td>650 or 950</td>
<td>NR 1000/11</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>870</td>
<td>1350</td>
<td>870</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
The retort furnaces SR and SRA (with gas circulation) are designed for operation with non-flammable or flammable protective or reaction gases. The furnace is loaded from above by crane or other lifting equipment provided by the customer. In this way, even large charge weights can be loaded into the furnace chamber.

Depending on the temperature range in which the furnace be used, the following models are available:

Models SR .../11 with Tmax 1100 °C
- Heating from all sides outside the retort
- Temperature uniformity up to +/- 5 °C inside the work space see page 76
- Retort made of 1.4841
- Top down multi-zone control of the furnace heating

Models SRA .../09 with Tmax 950 °C

Design like models SR.../11 with following differences:
- Atmosphere circulation with powerful fan in the furnace lid provides for temperature uniformity of up to +/- 5 °C inside the work space see page 76

Models SRA .../06 with Tmax 600 °C

Design like models SRA.../09 with following differences:
- Heating inside the retort
- Temperature uniformity up to +/- 5 °C inside the work space see page 76
- Single-zone control
- Retort made of 1.4571

Standard Equipment (all models)
Design like standard equipment of models NR and NRA with following differences:
- Charging from above with crane or other lifting equipment from customer
- Hinged lid with opening to the side
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive

Additional equipment, H₂ version or IDB version see models NR and NRA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions of alloy retort</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Electrical connection*</th>
<th>Weight in kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SR(A)</td>
<td>17/..</td>
<td>250 350</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>1300 1700 1800</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR(A)</td>
<td>25/..</td>
<td>250 500</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>1300 1900 1800</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR(A)</td>
<td>50/..</td>
<td>400 450</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>1400 2000 1800</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>1300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR(A)</td>
<td>100/.. 600</td>
<td>400 800</td>
<td>100 1400 2000 2100</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR(A)</td>
<td>200/.. 950</td>
<td>600 700</td>
<td>200 1600 2200 2200</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>2100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR(A)</td>
<td>300/..  or 1100</td>
<td>600 1000</td>
<td>300 1600 2200 2500</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR(A)</td>
<td>500/..</td>
<td>800 1000</td>
<td>500 1800 2400 2700</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>2800</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR(A)</td>
<td>600/..</td>
<td>800 1200</td>
<td>600 1800 2400 2900</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR(A)</td>
<td>800/..</td>
<td>1000 1000</td>
<td>800 2000 2600 2800</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>3100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR(A)</td>
<td>1000/..</td>
<td>1000 1300</td>
<td>1000 2000 2600 3100</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>3300</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SR(A)</td>
<td>1500/..</td>
<td>1200 1300</td>
<td>1500 2200 2800 3300</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>3500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage

Front made of textured stainless steel

Retort furnace SRA 300/06
with charging basket

Retort furnace SRA 200/09
with changeable retort and cooling station

Retort furnace SRA 170/1000/11 with changeable retort and cooling station
Cold-Wall Retort Furnaces up to 2400 °C

The compact retort furnaces of the VHT product line are available as electrically heated chamber furnaces with graphite, molybdenum, tungsten or MoSi2 heating. A wide variety of heating designs as well as a complete range of accessories provide for optimal retort furnace configurations even for sophisticated applications.

The vacuum-tight retort allows heat treatment processes either in protective and reaction gas atmospheres or in a vacuum, subject to the individual furnace specs to $10^{-5} \text{ mbar}$. The basic furnace is suited for operation with non-flammable protective or reactive gases or under vacuum. The H2 version provides for operation under hydrogen or other flammable gases. Key of the specification up is a certified safety package providing for a safe operation at all times and triggers an appropriate emergency program in case of failure.

Alternative Heating Specifications

In general the following variants are available with respect to the process requirements:

**VHT ../..-GR with Graphite Insulation and Heating**
- Suitable for processes under protective and reaction gases or under vacuum
- Tmax 1800 °C or 2200 °C (2400 °C as additional equipment)
- Max. vacuum up to $10^{-4} \text{ mbar}$ depending on pump type used
- Graphite felt insulation

**VHT ../..-MO or VHT ../..-W with Molybdenum or Tungsten Heating**
- Suitable for high-purity processes under protective and reaction gases or under high vacuum
- Tmax 1200 °C, 1600 °C or 1800 °C (see table)
- Max. vacuum up to $10^{-5} \text{ mbar}$ depending on pump type used
- Insulation made of molybdenum rsp. tungsten radiation sheets

**VHT ../..-KE with Fiber Insulation and Heating through Molybdenum Disilicide Heating Elements**
- Suitable for processes under protective and reaction gases, in air or under vacuum
- Tmax 1800 °C
- Max. vacuum up to $10^{-2} \text{ mbar}$ (up to 1300 °C) depending on pump type
- Insulation made of high purity aluminum oxide fiber
Standard Equipment for all Models

Basic version

- Standard furnace sizes 8 - 500 liters
- A water-cooled stainless steel process reactor sealed with temperature-resistant o-rings
- Frame made of stable steel profiles, easy to service due to easily removable stainless steel panels
- Housing of the VHT 8 model on castors for easy repositioning of furnace
- Cooling water manifold with manual stopcocks in supply and return lines, automatic flowmeter monitoring, openloop cooling water system
- Adjustable cooling water circuits with flowmeter and temperature indicator and overtemperature fuses
- Switchgear and controller integrated in furnace housing
- H700 process control with clearly laid out 7" touchscreen control for program entry and display, 10 programs each with 20 segments
- Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature for thermal protection class 2 in accordance with EN 60519-2
- Manual operation of the process gas and vacuum functions
- Manual gas supply for one process gas (N₂, Ar or non-flammable forming gas) with adjustable flow
- Manual gas outlet with overpressure valve (20 mbar relative) for over-pressure operation
- Single-stage rotary vane pump with ball valve for pre-evacuating and heat treatment in a rough vacuum to 5 mbar
- Pressure gauge for visual pressure monitoring
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive

Additional equipment

- Tmax 2400 °C for VHT 40/..-GR and larger
- Housing, optionally divisible, for passing through narrow door frames (VHT 08)
- Manual gas supply for second process gas (N₂, Ar or non-flammable forming gas) with adjustable flow and bypass
- Inner process box made of molybdenum, tungsten, graphite or CFC, especially recommended for debinding processes. The box is installed in the furnace with direct gas inlet and outlet and provides for better temperature uniformity. Generated exhaust gases will be directly lead out the inner process chamber during debinding. The change of gas inlet pathes after debinding results in a cleaned process gas atmosphere during sintering.
- Charge thermocouple with display
- Temperature measurement at 2200 °C models with pyrometer and thermocouple, type S with automatic pull-out device for precise control results in the low temperature range (VHT 40/..-GR and larger)
- Two-stage rotary vane pump with ball valve for pre-evacuating and heat-treating in a fine vacuum (up to 10⁻² mbar)
- Turbo molecular pump with slide valve for pre-evacuating and for heat treatment in a high vacuum (up to 10⁻⁵ mbar) including electric pressure transducer and booster pump
- Other vacuum pumps on request
- Heat exchanger with closed-loop cooling water circuit
- Automation package with process control H3700
  - 12” graphic touch panel
  - Input of all process data like temperatures, heating rates, gas injection, vacuum at the touch panel
  - Display of all process-relevant data on a process control diagram
  - Automatic gas supply for one process gas (N₂, argon or non-flammable forming gas) with adjustable flow
  - Bypass for flooding and filling the chamber with process gas controlled by the program
  - Automatic pre- and post programs, including leak test for safe furnace operation
  - Automatic gas outlet with bellows valve and overflow valve (20 mbar relative) for over-pressure operation
  - Transducer for absolute and relative pressure
- Mass flow controller for alternating volume flow and generation of gas mixtures with second process gas (only with automation package)
- Partial pressure operation: protective gas flushing at controlled underpressure (only with automation package)
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80.
H₂ Version for Operation with Hydrogen or other Reaction Gases

In the H₂ version the retort furnaces can be operated under hydrogen or other reaction gases. For these applications, the systems are additionally equipped with the required safety technology. Only certified and industry proven safety sensors are used. The retort furnaces are controlled by a fail-safe PLC control system (S7-300F/safety controller).

- Certified safety concept
- Automation package (additional equipment see page 17)
- Redundant gas inlet valves for hydrogen
- Monitored pre-pressures of all process gases
- Bypass for safe purging of furnace chamber with inert gas
- Pressure-monitored emergency flooding with automated solenoid valve opening
- Electric or gas-heated exhaust gas torch for H₂ post-combustion
- Atmospheric operation: H₂ purging of process reactor starting from room temperature at controlled over pressure (50 mbar relative)

Additional equipment
- Partial pressure operation: H₂ flushing at underpressure in the process reactor starting from 750 °C furnace chamber temperature
- Inner process hood in the process chamber for debinding under hydrogen
- Process control and documentation via Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80
Process Box for Debinding in Inert Gas

Certain processes require charges to be debinded in non-flammable protective or reactive gases. For these processes we fundamentally recommend a hot-wall retort furnace (see models NR... or SR...). These retort furnaces can ensure that the formation of condensation will be avoided as thoroughly as possible.

If there is no way to avoid the escape of small amounts of residual binder during the process, even in the VHT furnace, the retort furnace should be designed to meet this contingency.

The furnace chamber is equipped with an additional process box that has a direct outlet to the exhaust gas torch through which the exhaust gas can be directly vented. This system enables a substantial reduction in the amount of furnace chamber contamination caused by the exhaust gases generated during debinding.

Depending on the exhaust gas composition the exhaust gas line can be designed to include various options.

- Exhaust gas torch for burning off the exhaust gas
- Condensation trap for separating out binding agents
- Exhaust gas post-treatment, depending on the process, via scrubbers
- Heated exhaust gas outlet to avoid condensation deposits in the exhaust gas line

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tmax 1800 °C or 2200 °C</th>
<th>VHT .../18-W</th>
<th>VHT .../18-KE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inert gas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air/Oxygen</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rough vacuum and fine vacuum (&gt;10⁻⁴ mbar)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High vacuum (&lt;10⁻¹ mbar)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material of heater</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material of insulation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1Tmax reduces to 1400 °C  
2Depending on Tmax

---

Retort furnace VHT 40/16-MO H₂ with hydrogen extension package and process box

Front made of textured stainless steel

---

With separated switching system unit

1200 °C/1600 °C

1800 °C/2200 °C

Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

---

Model | Inner dimensions of process box in mm | Volume in l |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VHT 8/..</td>
<td>120 x 210 x 150</td>
<td>3,5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VHT 40/..</td>
<td>250 x 430 x 250</td>
<td>25,0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VHT 70/..</td>
<td>325 x 475 x 325</td>
<td>50,0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VHT 100/..</td>
<td>425 x 500 x 425</td>
<td>90,0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VHT 250/..</td>
<td>575 x 700 x 575</td>
<td>230,0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VHT 500/..</td>
<td>725 x 850 x 725</td>
<td>445,0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Model | Inner dimensions in mm | Volume in l | Max. charge weight/kg | Outer dimensions in mm | Graphite | Molybdenum | Tungsten | Ceramic fiber |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VHT 8/..</td>
<td>170 x 240 x 200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1250 (800)</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>27</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VHT 40/..</td>
<td>300 x 450 x 300</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>1600</td>
<td>2100</td>
<td>2300</td>
<td>83/103</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VHT 70/..</td>
<td>375 x 500 x 375</td>
<td>375</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>1700</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td>105/125</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VHT 100/..</td>
<td>450 x 550 x 450</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>1900</td>
<td>2600</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>131/155</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VHT 250/..</td>
<td>600 x 750 x 600</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>4300</td>
<td>3100</td>
<td>180/210</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VHT 500/..</td>
<td>750 x 900 x 750</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>3200</td>
<td>4500</td>
<td>3300</td>
<td>220/260</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1With separated switching system unit

1800 °C/2200 °C
Cold-Wall Retort Furnaces up to 2400 °C or up to 3000 °C

Compared with the VHT models (page 16 ff), the retort furnaces of the SVHT product line offer improved performance data with regard to achievable vacuum and maximum temperature. Due to the design as pit-type furnace with tungsten heating, processes up to max. 2400 °C even in high vacuum can be implemented with retort furnaces of the SVHT..-W product line. Retort furnaces of the SVHT..-GR product line with graphite heating, also in pit-type design, can be operated in an inert gas atmosphere even up to max. 3000 °C.

- Standard sizes with a furnace chamber of 2 or 9 liters
- Designed as pit-type furnace, charged from above
- Frame construction with inserted sheets of textured stainless steel
- Dual shell water-cooled stainless steel container
- Manual operation of process gas and vacuum functions
- Manual gas supply for non-combustible process gas
- A step in front of the retort furnace for an ergonomic charging height
- Retort lid with gas-charged shock absorbers
- Controls and switchgear as well as gas supply integrated in furnace housing
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions

Further standard product characteristics see description for standard design of VHT models page 16

Heating Options

**SVHT ..-GR**
- Applicable for processes:
  - Under protective or reaction gases or in the vacuum up to 2200 °C under consideration of relevant max. temperature limits
  - Under inert gas argon up to 3000 °C
- Max. vacuum up to 10⁻⁴ mbar depending on the type of pump used
- Heating: graphite heating elements in cylindrical arrangement
- Insulation: graphite felt insulation
- Temperature measurement by means of an optical pyrometer

**SVHT ..-W**
- Applicable for processes under protective or reaction gases or in vacuum up to 2400 °C
- Max. vacuum up to 10⁻⁵ mbar depending on the type of pump used
- Heating: cylindrical tungsten heating module
- Insulation: tungsten and molybdenum radiant plates
- Temperature measurement with thermocouple type C

Additional equipment such as automatic process gas control or design for the operation with flammable gases incl. safety system see VHT models page 16.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Work space dimensions Ø x h in mm</th>
<th>Useful volume in l</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in KW¹</th>
<th>Electrical connection*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SVHT 2/24-W</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td>150 x 150</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>1300</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SVHT 9/24-W</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td>230 x 230</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>1400</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SVHT 2/30-GR</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>150 x 150</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>1400</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SVHT 9/30-GR</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>230 x 230</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>115</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
The LBVHT model series with bottom loading specification are especially suitable for production processes which require either protective or reaction gase atmosphere or a vacuum. The basic performance specifications of these models are similar to the VHT models. Their size and design with electro-hydraulically driven table facilitate charging during production. The retort furnaces are available in various sizes and designs. Similar like the VHT models, these furnaces can be equipped with different heating concepts.

- Standard furnace sizes between 100 and 600 liters
- Designed as bottom loading retort furnace with electro-hydraulically driven table for easy and well-arranged charging
- Prepared to carry heavy charge weights
- Different heating concepts using
  - Graphite heating chamber up to Tmax 2400 °C
  - Molybdenum heating chamber up to Tmax 1600 °C
  - Tungsten heating chamber up to Tmax 2000 °C
- Frame structure filled with textured stainless steel sheets
- Standard design with gassing system for non-flammable protective or reaction gases
- Automatic gas supply system which also allows for operation with several process gases as additional equipment
- Gas supply systems for operating with hydrogen or other combustible reaction gases incl. safety package as additional equipment
- Switchgear and control box as well as gassing system integrated into the furnace housing
- Further product characteristics of the standard furnace as well as possible additional equipment can be found in the description of the VHT furnaces from Page 16

### Model Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Electrical connection*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LBVHT 100/16-MO</td>
<td>1600</td>
<td>LBVHT 100/20-W</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td>LBVHT 100/24-GR</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td>Ø 450 h 700</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LBVHT 250/16-MO</td>
<td>1600</td>
<td>LBVHT 250/20-W</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td>LBVHT 250/24-GR</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td>Ø 600 h 900</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LBVHT 600/16-MO</td>
<td>1600</td>
<td>LBVHT 600/20-W</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td>LBVHT 600/24-GR</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td>Ø 800 h 1200</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage.
Retort Furnaces for Catalytic Debinding
also as Combi Furnaces for Catalytic or Thermal Debinding

The retort furnaces NRA 40/02 CDB and NRA 150/02 CDB are specially developed for catalytic debinding of ceramics and metallic powder injection molded parts. They are equipped with a gastight retort with inside heating and gas circulation. During catalytic debinding, the polyacetal-containing (POM) binder chemically decomposes in the oven under nitric acid and is carried out of the oven by a nitrogen carrier gas and burned in an exhaust gas torch. Both retort furnaces have a comprehensive safety package to protect the operator and the surrounding.

Executed as combi furnace series CTDB these retort furnace can be used for either catalytic or thermal debinding incl. presintering if necessary and possible. The presintered parts can be easily transferred into the sintering furnace. The sintering furnace remains clean as no residual binder can exhaust anymore.

- Process retort made of acid-resistant stainless steel 1.4571 with large swiveling door
- Four-side heating inside the retort through chromium steel tube heating elements for good temperature uniformity
- Horizontal gas circulation for uniform distribution of the process atmosphere
- Acid pump and acid vessel (to be provided by the customer) accommodated in the furnace frame
- Gas-fired exhaust gas torch with flame monitoring
- Extensive safety package with redundantly operating safety PLC for safe operation with nitric acid

Retort furnace NRA 40/02 with cupboard for the acid pump

Acid pump for nitric acid

Retort with internal heating and process chamber

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection</th>
<th>Weight in kg</th>
<th>Acidic quantity (HNO₃)</th>
<th>Nitrogen (N₂)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NRA 40/02 CDB</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>300 450 300 40</td>
<td>1400</td>
<td>1600 2400 2,0</td>
<td>3-phase† 1</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>max. 70 ml/h</td>
<td>max. 180 ml/h</td>
<td>max. 4000 l/h</td>
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<tr>
<td>NRA 150/02 CDB</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>450 700 450 150</td>
<td>1650</td>
<td>1960 2850 20,0</td>
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<td>1650</td>
<td>max. 70 ml/h</td>
<td>max. 180 ml/h</td>
<td>max. 4000 l/h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Heating only between two phases
2 Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
Clean Room Solutions

Clean room applications impose particularly high requirements to the design of the chosen furnace. If the complete furnace is operated in a clean room an essential contamination of the clean room atmosphere must be avoided. Especially, the particle contamination must be reduced to a minimum.

The specific application determines the choice of the required furnace technology. In many cases forced convection furnaces are required to achieve the necessary temperature uniformity at lower temperatures. For higher temperatures, Nabertherm has also delivered many furnaces with radiant heating.

Furnace Installation in the Clean Room
If the complete furnace is supposed to be positioned in the clean room, then it is important that both the furnace chamber and the furnace housing as well as the controls provide for good protection against contamination. Surfaces must be easy to clean. The furnace chamber is tightly sealed to the insulation behind it. If necessary, additional equipment such as filters for the fresh air supply or the air circulation in the furnace can be used to improve the cleanliness class. It is recommended to install the switchgear and the furnace controls outside the clean room.

Furnace Installation in the Grey Room, Furnace Charging from the Clean Room
Optimal results with respect to cleanness will be achieved by placing the furnace in the grey room with charging from the clean room. This significantly reduces the amount of costly space needed in the clean room to a minimum. The front and the furnace interior in the clean room are designed for easy cleaning. With this configuration even the highest clean room classes can be achieved.

Sluice Furnace between Grey Room and Clean Room
Logistics between clean room and grey room can often be easily sorted out. Lock furnaces with one door in the grey room and the other door in the clean room are the perfect choice for these applications. The inner chamber as well as the furnace front in the clean room will be especially designed for lowest particle contamination.

Please contact us if you are looking for a heat treatment solution under clean room conditions. We would be pleased to quote for the oven or furnace model that meets best your requirements.
Forced Convection Chamber Furnaces < 675 Liters
Electrically Heated

The very good temperature uniformity of these chamber furnaces with air circulation provides for ideal process conditions for annealing, curing, solution annealing, artificial ageing, preheating, or soft annealing and brazing. The forced convection chamber furnaces are equipped with a suitable annealing box for soft annealing of copper or tempering of titanium, and also for annealing of steel under non-flammable protective or reaction gases. The modular forced convection chamber furnace design allows for adaptation to specific process requirements with appropriate accessories.

- Tmax 450 °C, 650 °C, or 850 °C
- Stainless steel air-baffles in the furnace for optimum air circulation
- Swing door hinged on the right side
- Base frame included in the delivery, N 15/65 HA designed as table-top model
- Horizontal air circulation
- Temperature uniformity up to +/- 4 °C according to DIN 17052-1 (model N 15/65 HA up to +/- 7 °C) see page 76
- Optimum air distribution enabled by high flow speeds
- One frame sheet and rails for two additional trays included in the scope of delivery (N 15/65 HA without frame sheet)
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive
- Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment (not for model N 15/65HA)
- Optimization of the temperature uniformity up to +/- 3 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
- Air inlet and exhaust air flaps when used for drying
- Controlled cooling with fan
- Manual lift door (up to model N(A) 120/.. (HA))
- Pneumatic lift door
- Air circulation with speed control, recommendable for processes with light or sensitive charge
- Additional frame sheet
- Roller conveyor in furnace chamber for heavy charges
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection*</th>
<th>Weight in kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NA 30/45(LS)</td>
<td>450 290 420 260</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>1040 1290 1385</td>
<td>3.0 / 9.0 1(3)-phase</td>
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<td>3-phase</td>
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<tr>
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<td>1250 1550 1550</td>
<td>9.0 / 18.0 3-phase</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
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<td>NA 250/45(LS)</td>
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<td>12.0 / 24.0 3-phase</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>590</td>
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<tr>
<td>NA 500/45(LS)</td>
<td>450 750 1000 750</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>1550 1900 1820</td>
<td>18.0 / 24.0 3-phase</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>750</td>
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<tr>
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<td>675</td>
<td>1550 2100 1820</td>
<td>24.0 / 30.0 3-phase</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
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<tr>
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<td>470 845 460</td>
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<tr>
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<td>870 1290 1385</td>
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<tr>
<td>NA 60/65</td>
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<td>910 1390 1475</td>
<td>9.0 3-phase</td>
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<td>990 1470 1550</td>
<td>12.0 3-phase</td>
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<tr>
<td>NA 250/65</td>
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<td>250</td>
<td>1170 1650 1680</td>
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<td>3-phase</td>
<td>590</td>
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<tr>
<td>NA 500/65</td>
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<td>1290 1890 1825</td>
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<td>27.0 3-phase</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>N 30/85 HA</td>
<td>850 290 420 260</td>
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<td>607 + 255 1175 1315</td>
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<td>1152 + 255 2100 2010</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

1Table-top model see page 24
2Heating only between two phases
3Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

Annealing boxes see page 58
Feed and charging aids see page 56
Safety technology according to EN 1539 (NFPA 86) (models NA .. LS) for charges containing solvents see page 38
Inlets, measuring frames and thermocouples for TUS measurements charge or comparative measurements
Charge control
Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

Forced convection chamber furnace
NA 500/65

Forced convection chamber furnace
N 250/85HA with quenching bath

Forced convection chamber furnace
NA 500/S with four compartments, each with roller conveyor and individual door
Enclosed heater coils on electrically heated models

Forced convection chamber furnace N 1500/85HA with electric charging system for heavy loads

These forced convection chamber furnaces are available for maximum operating temperatures of 260 °C, 450 °C, 600 °C or 850 °C and are perfectly suited for demanding processes. Due to their robust and solid design even heavy loads can be heat treated. These furnaces are suited for use with baskets, pallets, and mobile furnace racks. The charging can be carried out with fork lift, pallet truck, or charging trolley. The basic forced convection chamber furnaces are standing on the shop floor without bottom insulation. Charging can be simplified by roller conveyors, if necessary also motorized. All furnaces are available with electric heated or gas heating.

Standard version for models up to 600 °C (850 °C models see page 30)
- Tmax 260 °C, 450 °C or 600 °C
- Electrically heated or gas-fired
- Electric heating by means of heater coils
- Direct gas heating or upon request with indirect gas heating with radiation tube, e.g. for heat treatment of aluminum
- Optimal air circulation for your charge by means of adjustable air outlets
- Horizontal air circulation (type ../HA)
- High air exchange for perfect heat transfer
- Ground level charging without bottom insulation for 260 °C models
- Temperature uniformity up to +/- 5 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
- Furnace chamber lined with alloy 1.4301 (DIN)
- High quality mineral wool insulation provides for low outer temperatures
- Inside unlocking device for furnaces with walk-in work space
- Furnace sizes suitable for common charging systems, such as pallets, baskets, etc.
- Double-wing door for furnaces with an internal width of more than 1500 mm (260 °C and 450 °C models).
- Furnaces for higher temperatures and with smaller sizes are equipped with a single-wing door.
- Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature for thermal protection class 2 in accordance with EN 60519-2 as temperature limiter to protect the furnace and load
Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions

NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive

Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment for models up to 600 °C

- Optional floor insulation provides for improved temperature uniformity for 260 °C models
- Entry ramps or track cutouts for floor-level charging cart of models with bottom insulation (not for 600 °C models)
- Furnace positioned on base frame provides for ergonomic charging height
- Electro-hydraulic lift door
- Fan system for faster cooling with manual or motor-driven control
- Motor-driven control of air inlet and exhaust air flaps for better ventilation of the furnace chamber
- Observation window and/or furnace chamber lighting (not for 600 °C models)
- Optimization of the temperature uniformity up to +/- 3 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
- Safety technology according to EN 1539 for charges containing solvents (not for 600 °C models) see page 38
- Charging systems or roller conveyors, also electrically driven provide for easy charging see page 56
- Catalytic or thermal exhaust gas cleaning systems
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80
Forced Convection Chamber Furnaces
Electrically Heated or Gas-Fired

Forced convection chamber furnace N 140000/25AS for curing of composites in vacuum bags incl. pump and necessary connections in the furnace chamber
Forced Convection Chamber Furnaces > 560 Liters
Electrically Heated or Gas-Fired

Standard version for models 850 °C
- Tmax 850 °C
- Electrically heated or gas-fired
- Electric heating with heating elements on supports tubes
- Direct gas heating into the outlet of the air circulation fan
- Optimal air circulation for your charge by means of adjustable air outlets
- Horizontal air circulation (type ...HA)
- High air exchange provides for perfect heat transfer
- Base frame with 900 mm charging height
- Temperature uniformity up to +/- 5 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
- Air baffles made of 1.4828 (DIN)
- Multi-layer insulation with fiber plates (not classified according to EU directive 67/548) provides for low outer temperatures
- Furnaces sizes perfectly suited to accommodate common charging systems, e.g. like pallets or pallet boxes
- Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature for thermal protection class 2 in accordance with EN 60519-2 as temperature limiter to protect the furnace and load
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment for models 850 °C
- Electro-hydraulic lift door
- Fan system for faster cooling with manual or motor-driven control
- Motor-driven air inlet and control of exhaust air flaps for better ventilation of the furnace chamber
- Optimization of the temperature uniformity up to +/- 3 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
- Base frame for customized charging height
- Charging systems or roller conveyors, also electrically driven provide for easy charging see page 56
- Designed for Tmax 950 °C
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

Forced convection furnace N 790/65HAS, adjustable in height, for integration in a heat treatment plant
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Circulation rate m³/h</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N 1000/26HA</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1930</td>
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<td>1900</td>
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<td>N 2000/26HA</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>2380</td>
<td>1900</td>
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<td>1000</td>
<td>1500</td>
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<td>N 1000/26HA</td>
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<td>1900</td>
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<td>1900</td>
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<td>1500</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>2380</td>
<td>1900</td>
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<td>1500</td>
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<td>1500</td>
<td>2380</td>
<td>1900</td>
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<td>1500</td>
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<td>1900</td>
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<td>N 2000/45HA(E1)</td>
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<td>2000</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>1930</td>
<td>1900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N 2000/60HA</td>
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<td>1000</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>2380</td>
<td>1900</td>
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<td>N 1500/60HA</td>
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<td>1500</td>
<td>1500</td>
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<td>2380</td>
<td>1900</td>
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<td>2000</td>
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<td>N 4000/60HA1</td>
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<td>1500</td>
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<td>1500</td>
<td>2380</td>
<td>1900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Reduced connected power for plastics applications
*Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

Forced convection chamber furnace NB 7000/45 HAS directly gas-fired with charging cart

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Reduced connected power for plastics applications

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage

Forced convection furnace N 4010/45HA with track cutouts, chamber lighting and observation window

Drive-in ramps at furnaces with bottom insulation for processes which require a good temperature uniformity
Chamber Ovens
Electrically Heated or Gas-Fired

The chamber ovens of the KTR range can be used for complex drying processes and heat treatment of charges to an application temperature of 260 °C. The high-performance air circulation enables optimum temperature uniformity throughout the work space. A wide range of accessories allow the chamber ovens to be modified to meet specific process requirements. The design for the heat treatment of flammable materials in conformance with EN 1539 (NFPA 86) is available for all sizes.

- Tmax 260 °C
- Electrically heated (via a heating register with integrated chrome steel heating elements) or gas-fired (direct or indirect gas-fired including injection of the hot air into the intake duct)
- Temperature uniformity up to +/- 3 °C according to DIN 17052-1 (for design without track cutouts) see page 76
- High-quality mineral wool insulation provides for outer temperatures of < 25 °C above room temperature
- High air exchange for fast drying processes
- Double-wing door for furnaces KTR 3100 and larger
Chamber oven KTR 22500/S with chamber lightning and drive-in tracks with insulated plugs which provide for an optimal temperature uniformity.

- Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature for thermal protection class 2 in accordance with EN 60519-2 as temperature limiter to protect the oven and load
- Incl. floor insulation
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive
- Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment
- Track cutouts for level drive-in of charging cart
- Base frame to charge the oven via a charging forklift
- Additional Door in the back for charging from both sides or to use the oven as lock between two rooms
- Fan system for faster cooling with manual or motor-driven control of the exhaust flaps
- Programmed opening and closing of exhaust air flaps
- Air circulation with speed control, recommendable for processes with light or sensitive charge
- Observation window and furnace chamber lighting
- Safety technology according to EN 1539 (NFPA 86) (models KTR .. LS) for charges containing solvents see page 38
- Charging cart with or without rack system
- Design for clean room heat treatment processes see page 23
- Rotating systems for tempering processes
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

KTR 3100/S for curing of composites in vacuum bags incl. pump and necessary connections in the oven chamber.

Direct gas-firing at a chamber dryer.
**Chamber Ovens**

Electrically Heated or Gas-Fired

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm²</th>
<th>Heating power in kW¹</th>
<th>Electrical connection*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KTR 1000 (LS)</td>
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<td>1000 1000 1000</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1900 1430 1815</td>
<td>18/3-phase</td>
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<tr>
<td>KTR 1500 (LS)</td>
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<td>1500</td>
<td>1900 1430 2315</td>
<td>27/45</td>
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<td>6125</td>
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<td>45/63</td>
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<td>KTR 16000 (LS)</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>2000 4000 2000</td>
<td>22500</td>
<td>2900 5400 3500</td>
<td>108/126</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KTR 21300 (LS)</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>2650 3550 2300</td>
<td>22500</td>
<td>2900 5400 3500</td>
<td>108/126</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
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<tr>
<td>KTR 22500 (LS)</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>2000 4500 2500</td>
<td>22500</td>
<td>2900 5400 3500</td>
<td>108/126</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher
²Outer dimensions from chamber ovens KTR .. LS are different

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage

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**Accessories**

- Adjustable plate shutters to adapt the air guide to the charge and improve temperature uniformity
- Guide-in tracks and shelves
- Shelves with 2/3 extraction with evenly distributed load on the whole shelf surface
- Platform cart in combination with drive-in tracks
- Charging cart with rack system in combination with drive-in tracks
- Sealing shoes for ovens with drive-in tracks to improve temperature uniformity in the work space

All KTR-models are also available with Tmax 300 °C.
To ensure safe operation of the oven when tempering silicone, the fresh air supply of the oven must be monitored. A fresh air volume flow of 100 - 120 l/min/kg silicone (6-7.2 m³/h/kg silicone) has to be considered. The graph shows the maximum amount of silicone depending on the operating temperature for various KTR models at a fresh air supply of 120 l/min/kg silicone. The oven will be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the standard EN 1539 (NFPA 86).
Ovens, also with Safety Technology According to EN 1539
Electrically Heated

With their maximum working temperature of up to 300 °C and air circulation, the ovens achieve a perfect temperature uniformity which is much better than in ovens of most competitors. They can be used for various applications such as e.g. drying, sterilizing or warm storing. Ample warehousing of standard models provides for short delivery times.

- Tmax 300 °C
- Working temperature range: + 5 °C above room temperature up to 300 °C
- Ovens TR 60 - TR 240 designed as tabletop models
- Ovens TR 450 and TR 1050 designed as floor standing models
- Horizontal, air circulation results in temperature uniformity better than +/- 5 °C see page 76
- Stainless steel chamber, alloy 304 (AISI)/(DIN material no. 1.4301), rust-resistant and easy to clean
- Large handle to open and close the door
- Charging in multiple layers possible using removeable grids (number of removeable grids included, see table to the right)
- Large, wide-opening swing door, hinged on the right with quick release for models TR 60 - TR 450
- Double swing door with quick release for TR 1050
- TR 1050 equipped transport rollers
- Infinitely adjustable exhaust at the rear wall with operation from the front
- PID microprocessor control with self-diagnosis system
- Solid state relays provide for low-noise operation
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive
- Controls description see page 80

Electrical rotating device as additional equipment see page 37
Extricable metal grids to load the oven in different layers

Oven TR 60 with adjustable fan speed
Oven TR 240
Oven TR 1050 with double door

Additional equipment
- Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature for thermal protection class 2 in accordance with EN 60519-2 as temperature limiter to protect the oven and load
- Infinitely adjustable fan speed of the air circulation fan
- Window for charge observing
- Further removable grids with rails
- Side inlet
- Stainless steel collecting pan to protect the furnace chamber
- Door hinges on the left side
- Reinforced bottom plate
- Safety Technology according to EN 1539 for charges containing liquid solvents (TR .. LS) up to model TR 240 LS, achievable temperature uniformity +/- 8 °C see page 76
- Transport costors for model TR 450
- Various modifications available for individual needs
- Upgrading available to meet the quality requirements of AMS 2750 E or FDA
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection*</th>
<th>Weight in kg</th>
<th>Grids in included</th>
<th>Grids max. total load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TR 60</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>450 390 350 60 700 610 710</td>
<td>3 1-phase 90 1 4 120</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TR 60 LS</td>
<td>260 450 360 350 57 700 680 690</td>
<td>6 3-phase 92 1 4 120</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TR 120</td>
<td>300 650 390 500 120 900 610 860</td>
<td>3 1-phase 120 2 7 150</td>
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<td>6 3-phase 122 2 7 150</td>
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<tr>
<td>TR 240</td>
<td>300 750 550 600 240 1000 780 970</td>
<td>3 1-phase 165 2 8 150</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>TR 240 LS</td>
<td>260 750 530 600 235 1000 850 940</td>
<td>6 3-phase 167 2 8 150</td>
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<td>6 3-phase 235 3 15 180</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1Max load per layer 30 kg
2Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
Safety Technology for Forced Convection Chamber Furnaces

Certain processes release and vaporize solvents or other flammable vapors. The concentration of these vapors must be kept below a certain limit to prevent ignition. European Norm EN 1539 and NFPA 86 in the USA prescribe the required safety equipment for these processes.

For these applications and processes, all forced convection furnaces of the KTR and forced convection chamber furnaces < 450 °C product lines are suited with safety technology for protection of a potential ignition in the furnace chamber.

To avoid an ignition in the furnace, flammable vapors must be diluted with air. Special care must be taken so high concentrations of flammable materials do not accumulate in “dead” areas within the furnace. For this purpose, the furnaces are equipped with an exhaust gas fan providing for a defined underpressure. A measurement system monitors this flow, while fresh air is simultaneously resupplied. In parallel, the furnace atmosphere is diluted by the inflow of fresh air. The air circulation is also monitored by the measurement system.

- Furnace sizes between 120 and 10,000 liters
- Powerful exhaust fan capable of maintaining underpressure in the furnace
- Defined and monitored air circulation flow and exhaust air
- Visual and audible emergency signals
- Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature for thermal protection class 2 in accordance with EN 60519-2 as temperature limiter to protect the furnace and load
Forced Convection Pit-Type Furnaces
Electrically Heated

Forced convection pit-type furnaces offer the advantage of easy charging, for heat treatment of heavy parts or loads in charge baskets. With maximum application temperatures available from 450 °C to 850 °C, these compact pit-type furnaces are particularly useful for processes such as tempering, solution annealing, artificial ageing, and soft annealing.

- Tmax 450 °C, 650 °C, 850 °C
- Air circulation fans in the furnace bottom, high circulation rate
- Vertical air circulation with square air heating chamber
- Temperature uniformity up to +/- 4 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
- Interior walls from stainless steel
- Switchgear with solid-state relays
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive
- Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment
- Charging hoist with swivel arm and charge basket
- Optimization of the temperature uniformity up to +/- 2 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
- Integrated fan for rapid cool down or separate cooling station for annealing box cooling outside of the furnace
- Annealing box with protective gas inlet and outlet for production in a defined atmosphere see page 58
- Manual or automatic gas supply systems for non-flammable protective or reaction gases see page 58
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Max. charging weight in kg</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection* in kg</th>
<th>Weight in kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SAL 30/45</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>300 x 250 x 400</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>750 x 850 x 1250</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>1-phase</td>
<td>130</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAL 60/45</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>350 x 350 x 500</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>800 x 950 x 1350</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAL 120/45</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>450 x 450 x 600</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>900 x 1050 x 1450</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAL 250/45</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>600 x 600 x 750</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>1050 x 1200 x 1600</td>
<td>18.0</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAL 500/45</td>
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<td>750 x 750 x 900</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>1200 x 1350 x 1750</td>
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<td>SAL 30/65</td>
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<td>120</td>
<td>750 x 850 x 1250</td>
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<td>SAL 60/65</td>
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<td>60</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>800 x 950 x 1350</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>225</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAL 120/65</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>450 x 450 x 600</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>900 x 1050 x 1450</td>
<td>13.0</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAL 250/65</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>600 x 600 x 750</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>1050 x 1200 x 1600</td>
<td>20.0</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAL 500/65</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>750 x 750 x 900</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>1200 x 1350 x 1750</td>
<td>30.0</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>980</td>
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<td>SAL 30/85</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>300 x 250 x 400</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>600 x 740 x 1000</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>3-phase1</td>
<td>130</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAL 60/85</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>350 x 350 x 500</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>800 x 950 x 1350</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAL 120/85</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>450 x 450 x 600</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>900 x 1050 x 1450</td>
<td>13.0</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>280</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAL 250/85</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>600 x 600 x 750</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>1050 x 1200 x 1600</td>
<td>20.0</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAL 500/85</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>750 x 750 x 900</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>1200 x 1350 x 1750</td>
<td>30.0</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>980</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage

1Heating only between two phases
2Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher
Due to their robust design, these pit-type furnaces with air circulation are particularly useful for a professional heat treatment demanding optimum temperature uniformity. Production processes such as tempering, solution annealing, artificial ageing, and soft annealing can be realized with these pit-type furnaces.

- Tmax 600 °C or 850 °C
- Useful for heavy charge weights
- Air circulation fans in the furnace lid, high circulation rate

Heating chamber with air baffle cylinder
Heating elements on all wall surfaces
Distribution of air flow through grid at the furnace bottom
Pneumatic or hydraulic lid lifting device
Temperature uniformity up to +/- 3 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive
Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment
- Integral fan for fast cooling
- Optimization of the temperature uniformity up to +/- 2 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
- Variable rpm converter control of the air circulation velocity for sensitive parts
- Multiple zone control or special air circulation system for optimum temperature uniformity tailored to the charge
- Charge weights up to 7 tons
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

**Forced Convection Pit-Type Furnaces**
Electrically Heated or Gas-Fired

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Max. charging weight in kg</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SAH 200/..</td>
<td>600/800/200</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>1460</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAH 500/..</td>
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<td>1660</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAH 600/..</td>
<td>800/800/1000</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>1660</td>
<td>54</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAH 800/..</td>
<td>850/1000/800</td>
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<td>2000</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAH 1280/..</td>
<td>800/1600/1300</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>1660</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAH 5600/..</td>
<td>1800/2200/5600</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher
*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
Pit-Type and Top-Loading Furnaces with or without Air Circulation
Electrically Heated or Gas-Fired

Our top-loading furnaces are perfectly suited for the heat treatment of longer or heavier components. The furnace is usually charged with a factory crane. Due to their high-performance air circulation, the furnaces provide for excellent temperature uniformity up to a maximum temperature of 850 °C. The top-loading furnaces for the temperature range up to 1280 °C provide for very good temperature uniformity due to their five-side heating. Alternatively, these furnaces can also be provided with gas heating. Customized dimensions are designed and produced to accommodate the size and weight of the components to be treated.

- Tmax 260 °C, 450 °C, 600 °C or 850 °C for furnaces with air circulation
- Tmax 900 °C or 1280 °C for furnaces with radiation heating
- Electrically heated or gas-fired
- Heating from both long sides for furnaces with air circulation
- Heating from all four sides and the bottom with SiC plates in the bottom as level stacking support for models to 900 °C or 1280 °C
- High-quality insulation, adapted to the specific maximum temperature
- Electrohydraulic opening system of the lid with two-hand operation
- Closable air supply vents in the lower area of the furnace chamber
- Closable exhaust air flaps in the lid
- Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature for thermal protection class 2 in accordance with EN 60519-2 as temperature limiter to protect the furnace and load
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions

Additional equipment
- Motor-driven exhaust air flaps for faster cooling
- Controlled fan cooling with motor-driven exhaust air flaps
- Multi-zone control of the heating provides for optimum temperature uniformity
- Furnace chamber can be devised in length for short workparts, partitions can be controlled separately
- Designed for Tmax 950 °C, fan blade driven indirectly via a belt to protect the air recirculation motor against overheating
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

Top-loading furnace S 5120/GS1, furnace chamber divided in two sections, split cover
Furnace chamber S 5120/GS with receptacle for an insulating plate in order to divide the furnace chamber
Charge supports for long tubes in a top-loading forced convection furnace SAL 750/08
Forced Convection Bogie Hearth Furnaces
Electrically Heated or Gas-Fired

The forced convection bogie hearth furnaces W 1000/60A - W 8300/85A are used when heavy charges weighing up to more than 25 t have to be heat-treated. They are ideal for processes such as solution annealing, artificial ageing, annealing or soft annealing, for which a high degree of temperature uniformity is crucial. The high-performance air circulation assures that the temperature uniformity achieved throughout the work space is outstanding. A broad selection of additional equipment enables these bogie hearth furnaces to be optimally adapted to suit specific processes.

- Tmax 600 °C or 850 °C
- Dual shell housing with rear ventilation provides for low shell temperatures for the 850 °C models
- Swing door hinged on the right side
- Heating from chrome steel heating elements for the 600 °C models
- Heating from three sides (both side walls and the trolley) for the 850 °C models
- High-performance air circulation fan with vertical circulation
- Temperature uniformity up to +/- 5 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
- Bottom heating protected by SiC tiles on the bogie providing level stacking surface for the 850 °C models
- Furnace chamber fitted with inner sheets made of stainless steel 1.4301 for 600 °C models and of 1.4828 for 850 °C models

- Insulation structured with high-quality mineral wool for 600 °C models
- Insulation made of high-quality, non-classified fiber material for 850 °C models
- Bogies with flanged wheels running on rails for easy and precise movement of heavy loads
Electric chain-driven bogie in combination with rail operation for smooth movement of heavy loads from model W 4800

Over-temperature limiter with manual reset for thermal protection class 2 in accordance with EN 60519-2 as temperature limiter to protect the furnace and load

Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions

NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive

Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment

- Direct gas heating or upon request with indirect gas heating with radiation tube
- Electric chain-driven bogie in combination with rail operation for smooth movement of heavy loads up to Model W 4000
- Optimization of the temperature uniformity up +/- 3 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
- Bogie running on steel wheels with gear rack drive, no rails in front of the furnace necessary
- Different possibilities for an extension to a bogie hearth furnace plant:
  - Additional bogies
  - Bogie transfer system with parking rails to exchange bogies running on rails or to connect multiples furnaces
  - Motor-driven bogies and cross-traversal system
  - Fully automatic control of the bogie exchange
- Electro-hydraulic lift door
- Motor-driven exhaust air flaps, adjustable via the program

Uncontrolled or controlled cooling system with frequency-controlled cooling fan and motor-driven exhaust air flap

Multi-zone control adapted to the particular furnace model provides for optimum temperature uniformity in the 850 °C models

Commissioning of the furnace with test firing and temperature uniformity measurement (also with load) for the purpose of process optimization

Designed for Tmax 950 °C, fan blade driven indirectly via a belt to protect the air recirculation motor against over-heating

Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

### Forced convection bogie hearth furnace

W 13920/60AS4 with bottom grid for heavy loads

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>W 1000/.. A 800</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>1600</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>1000</td>
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<td>2390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W 1600/.. A 1000</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1600</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1600</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>2390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W 2200/.. A 1500</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>2250</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>2200</td>
<td>2200</td>
<td>3040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W 3300/.. A 600</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>2250</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>3300</td>
<td>2200</td>
<td>3040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W 4000/.. A or 4800/.. A 850</td>
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<td>2250</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>4000</td>
<td>2200</td>
<td>3040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W 6600/.. A 600</td>
<td>1500</td>
<td>3300</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>4800</td>
<td>2200</td>
<td>4090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W 6600/.. A 1200</td>
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<td>3300</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>6000</td>
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<td>8300</td>
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<td>5390</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

*Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
Bogie Hearth Furnaces
Electrically Heated

For annealing and hardening of larger parts, for example heavy cast parts or tool steel dies to temperatures between 800 °C and 1100 °C, we recommend our bogie hearth furnaces with radiation heating. The bogie can be loaded outside the furnace. When the design includes an electro-hydraulic lift door and a motorized bogie, the furnace can be opened while hot and the load can be removed for cooling or quenching. When several bogies are used together with a second door or bogie transfer system, one bogie can be loaded outside the furnace while the other bogie is in the furnace. This shortens process times and the residual energy of the furnace can be used when the new charge is heated.

- Tmax 900 °C or 1280 °C
- Dual shell housing with rear ventilation, provides low shell temperatures
- Swing door hinged on the right side
- Heating from five sides (four sides and bogie) provides optimum temperature uniformity
- Bogie heating receives power via blade contacts when driven in
- Heating elements mounted on support tubes provide for free radiation and long service life
- Bottom heating protected by SiC tiles on the bogie providing level stacking surface
- Multi-layer insulation consisting of lightweight refractory bricks backed by microporous silica insulation
- Self-supporting and long-life ceiling construction with bricks laid in arched construction
- Bogies with flanged wheels running on rails for easy and precise movement of heavy loads
- Adjustable air inlet damper
- Manual exhaust air flap on the furnace roof
Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature for thermal protection class 2
in accordance with EN 60519-2 as temperature limiter to protect the furnace and load
Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive
Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment
- Fiber insulation also in combination with meander shaped heating elements for short heating times
- Electric chain-driven bogie in combination with rail operation for smooth movement of heavy loads
- Bogie running on steel wheels with gear rack drive, no rails in front of the furnace necessary
- Different possibilities for an extension to a bogie hearth furnace plant:
  - Additional bogies
  - Bogie transfer system with parking rails to exchange bogies running on rails or to connect multiples furnaces
  - Motor-driven bogies and cross-traversal system
  - Fully automatic control of the bogie exchange
- Electro-hydraulic lift door
- Motor-driven exhaust air flap
- Uncontrolled or controlled cooling system with frequency-controlled cooling fan and motor-driven exhaust air flap
- Multi-zone control adapted to the particular furnace provides model for optimal the temperature uniformity
- Commissioning of the furnace with test firing and temperature uniformity measurement (also with load) for the purpose of process optimization
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80
Combi furnace plant consisting of two bogie hearth furnaces W 5000/H and two additional bogies incl. bogie transfer system and incl. necessary park rails.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW*</th>
<th>Electrical connection</th>
<th>Weight in kg</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
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<td>1000</td>
<td>7100</td>
<td>1400</td>
<td>1670</td>
<td>7910</td>
<td>2555</td>
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W 1000 | 1280 | 800 | 1600 | 800 | 1470 | 2410 | 1915 | 57 | 3-phase | 3000 |
| W 1500 | 1280 | 900 | 1900 | 900 | 1570 | 2710 | 2030 | 75 | 3-phase | 3500 |
| W 2200 | 1280 | 1000 | 2200 | 1000 | 1670 | 3010 | 2140 | 110 | 3-phase | 4500 |
| W 3300 | 1280 | 1000 | 2800 | 1200 | 1670 | 3610 | 2355 | 140 | 3-phase | 5300 |
| W 5000 | 1280 | 1000 | 3600 | 1400 | 1670 | 4410 | 2555 | 185 | 3-phase | 7300 |
| W 7500 | 1280 | 1000 | 5400 | 1400 | 1670 | 6210 | 2555 | 235 | 3-phase | 10300 |
| W 10000 | 1280 | 1000 | 7100 | 1400 | 1670 | 7910 | 2555 | 300 | 3-phase | 12500 |

*Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher
*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
Gas-Fired Bogie Hearth Furnaces up to 1400 °C
for Firing or Sintering in Air or under Reducing Atmosphere

Gas-fired bogie hearth furnaces distinguish by their unique efficiency. The use of high-speed burners allows for short heating times. The burners are arranged according to the furnace geometry providing for an optimum temperature uniformity. Depending on the furnace dimensions, the burners can alternatively be equipped with recuperator technology to save energy. The high-quality, long-life fiber insulation with storage capacity provides for short heating and cooling times.

- Tmax up to 1400 °C, depending on furnace design
- Powerful, sturdy high-speed burner with pulse control and special flame control in the furnace chamber provide for optimum temperature uniformity
- Operation with city gas, natural gas or liquified gas
- Fully automatic PLC control of the temperature as well as monitoring of the burner function
- Reduction-resistant fiber insulation with low heat storage provides for short heating and cooling times
- Dual shell housing provides for low outside temperatures
- Exhaust hood with fittings for further discharge of the exhaust gases
- Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature for thermal protection class 2 in accordance with EN 60519-2 as temperature limiter to protect the furnace and load
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment
- Automatic lambda control to set the furnace atmosphere
- Exhaust air and exhaust gas piping
- Recuperator burners utilizing part of the waste heat in the exhaust tract to preheat the combustion air and considerably contribute to energy saving
- Thermal exhaust cleaning systems
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80
- Other additional equipment for bogie hearth furnaces see pages 45
Certain heat treatment processes require a gas-fired chamber furnace. Short heating times due to the high power are a convincing argument. The chamber furnaces with powerful atmospheric gas burners cover a wide variety of these processes. In the basic version the burners are manually ignited once at the start of the process. The automatic control system then takes over control of the temperature curve. At program end, the burners are automatically switched off. Depending on the process, the furnaces can be equipped with automatically controlled fan burners and safety technology for debinding. Depending on the model, these furnaces can be upgraded with fully automatic fan burners and additional accessories.

- Tmax 1300 °C
- Powerful, atmospheric burners for operation with liquified gas or natural gas
- Depending on the application, special positioning of the gas burners with flame guidance provides for optimal temperature uniformity
- Fully automatic temperature control
- Gas fittings with flame control and safety valve in accordance with DVGW (German Technical and Scientific Association for Gas and Water)
- Multi-layer, reduction-proof insulation with light-weight refractory bricks and special back-up insulation result in low gas consumption
- Self-supporting and rugged ceiling, bricks laid in arched construction or as fiber insulation
- Exhaust hood
- Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature for thermal protection class 2 in accordance with EN 60519-2 as temperature limiter to protect the furnace and load
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment
- Fan burner with fully automatic control
- Indirect gas firing with radiation tubes for flame protection of the charge
- Exhaust air and exhaust gas piping
- Thermal or catalytic exhaust cleaning systems
- Recuperator technology for heat recovery see page 69
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80
These universal chamber furnaces with radiation heating have been specifically designed to withstand heavy-duty use in the heat treatment shop. They are particularly useful for processes such as tool making or for hardening jobs, e.g. annealing, hardening and forging. With help of various accessories, these furnaces can be customized to your application requirements.

- Compact, robust design
- Three-sides heating: from both side walls and bottom
- Heating elements on support tubes ensure free heat radiation and a long service life
- Bottom heating protected by heat conducting SiC tiles
- Stainless steel upper door jamb protects furnace structure when furnace is opened hot
- Base frame included in the delivery, N 7/H - N 17/HR designed as table-top model
- Exhaust opening in the side of the furnace, or on rear wall of chamber furnace in the N 31/H models and higher
- Temperature uniformity up to +/- 10 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
- Low energy consumption due to multi-layer insulation
- Gas spring dampers provide for easy door opening and closing
- Heat resistant zinc paint for protection of door and door frame (for model N81 and larger)
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive
- Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment see page 50/51

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**Chamber Furnaces**

**Electrically Heated**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection</th>
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</tbody>
</table>

1Table-top model
2Heating only between two phases
3Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

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*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
These very rugged chamber furnaces with radiation heating are designed for continuous heat-treatment processes. They are ideally suited for forming processes such as forging or hot forming steel sheets. The use of a wide variety of accessories enables these furnaces to be tailored to the relevant application.
Chamber furnace N 1491/S in production

Commissioning of the furnace with test firing and temperature uniformity measurement using 11 thermocouples including record of the measurement results

Furnace chamber with optional heating elements in the ceiling when used for preheating of sheetmetal plates

Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

Furnace chamber with optional heating elements in the ceiling when used for preheating of sheetmetal plates

Furnace to preheat the press ram of a hot forging plant

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection*</th>
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<td>2400</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage

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1Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
The chamber furnaces in the model series NB .. CL are used for heat cleaning of components. An optimum temperature uniformity is not a priority for these processes. Examples are heat cleaning of electric motors, coated surfaces of steel components or the nozzles of plastic injection molding machines.

The furnaces are gas-fired and have an integrated thermal afterburner system which is also gas-fired. The pre-set, low-oxygen respectively reducing atmosphere in the chamber furnace effectively prevents spontaneous combustion at the workpiece and subsequent damage as a result of over-temperature.

For safe operation, the furnace door locks after program start and cannot be opened again until the temperature has dropped below 180 °C at the process end. In case of a burner flame malfunction or gas shortage the process is aborted. In addition, the control system is equipped with an over-temperature limiter with manual reset that is set by the customer at a safe cut-off temperature to switch off the chamber furnace if the limit is exceeded.

The chamber furnaces are not suitable for components and coatings that contain solvents or a high concentration of water. These models must also not be used for charges with low flash points such as wood, paper or wax.

- Tmax 500 °C
- Furnace housing with equipped for safe transport with forklift
- Furnace chamber size dimensioned to hold standard lattice boxes
- Furnace chamber insulation made of non-classified fiber material, bottom and rear wall insulated with lightweight refractory bricks
- High performance, atmospheric burner fueled by liquified gas or natural gas
- Completely automated temperature controls
- Integrated thermal afterburner for exhaust gas cleaning
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- Controls description see page 80

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<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax</th>
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<th>Burner rating furnace chamber in kW</th>
<th>Burner rating TNV in kW</th>
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Chamber Furnaces for Processes with High Vaporization Rates of Organic Matter or for Thermal Cleaning by Ashing
Electrically Heated or Gas-Fired

The chamber furnaces of the model series N .. BO are used for processes with large amounts of organic matters or high vaporization rates. Processes in which the product or contaminations on the product are ashed by ignition can also be carried out safely in this type of chamber furnace. Examples include residual wax removal of pouring clusters followed by sintering, or thermal cleaning of oxide catalytic honey combs from soot or fuel residues. The chamber furnaces are electrically heated or gas-fired. The electrically heated furnaces, for safety reasons, are equipped with an integrated gas torch for igniting the flammable components in the gas mixture. The accumulation of flammable components is avoided and their safe combustion is ensured.

The furnace series is suitable for products that will not be damaged by a temporary, uncontrolled temperature rise.

The burning of unwanted organic ingredients can take place at temperatures > 500 °C. Following this, a subsequent process can take place up to max. 1000 °C or 1400 °C (electrically) or 1000 °C (gas-fired).

For safety, the furnace door locks after the program was started and cannot be opened again until the temperature has dropped below a defined value. In case of burner malfunction or gas shortage the process is aborted.

Chamber furnaces N 100 BO - N 650/14 BO, electrically heated and gas-fired ignition flame
- Tmax 1000 °C or 1400 °C
- Standard sizes up to 650 liters furnace chamber, additional sizes on request
- Exhaust hood
- Fully automatic temperature control
- Optional thermal afterburning
- Ignition flame using natural gas or liquid gas (LPG)
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- Controls description see page 80

### Model Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
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</table>

*Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

Chamber furnaces models NB 300 BO and NB 650 BO, gas-fired
- Tmax 1000 °C
- Standard sizes up to 650 liters furnace chamber, additional sizes on request
- Integrated thermal afterburning
- Gas burners operating with natural gas or liquid gas (LPG)
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- Controls description see page 80

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
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<td>NB 650 BO</td>
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Top Hat Furnaces or Bottom Loading Furnaces with Wire Heating up to 1400 °C

Top hat furnaces and bottom loading furnaces have the advantage that they are highly accessible for charging. The heating from all four sides and the table provides for very uniform temperatures. The basic furnace is equipped with a fixed table under the top hat. The system can be expanded by adding one or several exchangeable tables which can be driven manually or motorically. Another option is to remove the top hat completely with a shop crane. In such cases, the furnace heating system has a plug-in power supply.

- Tmax 1280 °C
- Dual shell housing with rear ventilation for low shell temperatures

- Top hat furnaces: electrohydraulically driven hat with fixed table
- Bottom loading furnaces: driven table and fixed hat
- Five-sided heating from all four sides and from the table provides for a temperature uniformity up to +/- 10 °C according to DIN 17052-1 see page 76
- Heating elements mounted on support tubes provide for free radiation and long service life of the heating wire
- Bottom heating protected by SiC tiles which provide for a level stacking surface
- Multi-layer insulation consisting of lightweight refractory bricks backed by special insulation
- Long-life ceiling design with fiber insulation
- Manual exhaust air flap on the furnace roof
- Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature for thermal protection class 2 in accordance with EN 60519-2 as temperature limiter to protect the furnace and load
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive

Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment

- Tmax to 1400 °C
- Motor driven exhaust air flap, switchable via the program
- Uncontrolled or controlled cooling system with frequency-controlled cooling fan and motor-driven exhaust air flap
- Protective gas connection for purging the furnace with non-flammable protective or reaction gases
- Manual or automatic gas supply systems
- Multi-zone control adapted to the particular furnace provides model for optimal the temperature uniformity
- Commissioning of the furnace with test firing and temperature uniformity measurement (also with load) for the purpose of process optimization
- Additional tables, table changing system, also motor-driven
- Exhaust air and exhaust gas piping
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW*</th>
<th>Electrical connection</th>
<th>Weight in kg</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>°C</td>
<td>w x d x h</td>
<td>l</td>
<td>W x D x H</td>
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<tr>
<td>H 125/LB, LT</td>
<td>1280</td>
<td>800 x 400 x 400</td>
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<td>3-phase</td>
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<td>H 250/LB, LT</td>
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</table>

*Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
Charging Devices and Accessories for Chamber and Bogie Hearth Furnaces

Semi automatic heat treatment plant with two furnaces N 240/65HAS, each equipped with pneumatic lift door and movable roller conveyor for easy furnace unloading.

By upgrading a furnace with useful accessories and devices for charging, you can considerably accelerate and simplify your heat processing which increases your productivity. The solutions shown on the following pages are only a part of our program, available in this product range. Ask us about accessories you may need. Our team of skilled engineers is prepared to develop a custom solution with you for any particular problem.

Chamber furnace system consisting of two forced convection furnaces N 60/65 HA with electric swing door opening for cooling and convenient furnace charging.

Forced convection furnace with charging grill shelves. The shelves can be moved individually on telescoping guides and can be taken out individually.

N 2380/55 HAS
Forced convection furnace plant with charging cart for sheet metal tempering.
Quench Tanks

Subject to process, charge size and weight a customized quench tank will be designed and delivered. Standard sizes are also available. Water, oil or polymer are available as quenching medium. Various examples of different quench tank design as part of tempering plants for steel and non-ferrous metals are described on page 72.

Available quenching mediums:
- Water
- Oil
- Polymer

Design Specifications
- Powerful circulation of the quenching medium
- Controlled heating systems
- Fill-level control
- Automatic refill system in case of water as quenching medium
- Connection port for customer’s cooling system
- Cooling system for the quenching medium
- Oil separator for quench tanks with water
- Protective gas supply on the surface of oil quench tanks as fire protection
- Integration of bath temperature in the process control and documentation
Protective Gas and Carburization Systems for Annealing and Hardening

Our protective gas and carburization modules allow you to upgrade our chamber furnaces into a compact annealing and hardening system for non-flammable protective or reaction gases as an economical alternative to expensive vacuum systems and protective gas hardening furnaces. We can recommend different systems based on your application. Our professional test center will be pleased to test your product samples in order to specify the right heat treatment equipment for you.

■ Annealing Box
Our annealing boxes with lid sealing may be used for carburizing, annealing and hardening in neutral atmospheres, powder nitriding or boriding. Your charge is placed in the box and bedded in carburizing granulate, neutral annealing coal or nitriding or boriding powder. The box is sealed, and when heated, the resulting atmosphere in the closed annealing box provides for the respective surface reaction of the charge. For carburizing and similar processes, the annealing box may be removed while hot, opened and the charge quenched in fluid. For annealing processes, the box may remain in the furnace until it is cooled down.

■ Annealing Tray with Alloy Bag
This system, consisting of a lightweight tray with gas port and alloy bag, is particularly useful for air-quenched steels. The thin-walled annealing tray allows fast heat transfer. Its protective gas connections allow you to process your charge in a defined atmosphere. The small size of the gas lightweight tray you to pre-flush or cool the unit outside the furnace or place it on a cooling table for fast cooling by fan.

■ Annealing Box with Protective Gas Inlet and Outlet
The boxes are equipped with lid and protective gas inlet and outlet. The lid is sealed by means of a sealing channel with a high-temperature rope gasket before it is introduced into the furnace. The furnace is equipped with a special passage for the protective gas connections. The box is connected to a gas supply panel to introduce the required atmosphere in the box. When the heating process is finished, the box may be removed from the furnace, the lid removed and the parts quenched in liquid or air.

■ Annealing Box with Protective Gas Inlet and Outlet constructed for Evacuation Ambient Temperatures
This version of our annealing box is designed to be evacuated prior to the heating cycle. After evacuation, the box is refilled with a protective atmosphere for the heating cycle. This system is particularly useful for bright hardening of bulk materials, and nonferrous and noble metals, since oxygen can be more efficiently removed from the box by evacuation than through purging. Temperature-resistant seals allow this version of the annealing box to maintain a vacuum at ambient temperatures.

■ Additional Accessories
Nabertherm offers a wide range of hardening accessories for the a.m. heat treatment system. From the simple sealing cord for the gas supply box up to a fully automatic gas supply system, we offer interesting solutions for your problem. Please ask for our catalog Thermal Process Technology II.
Powder nitriding in an annealing box

Heat treatment under protective gas atmosphere in a gas-supply box incl. charge thermocouple

Protective gas box used in a large bogie hearth furnace with air circulation

Annealing box with flap which opens together with the furnace door

Hardening in annealing tray with alloy bag

Bulk material bright annealing in an annealing box with evacuation facility
Salt-bath furnaces offer remarkably high temperature uniformity and excellent heat transfer to the work piece. Our salt-bath furnaces TS 20/15 - TSB 90/80 are especially useful for heat-treating of metals in neutral or active salt baths. Processes such as carbonitriding (e.g. Tenifer) up to 600 °C, carburizing up to 950 °C, or bright annealing up to 1000 °C can be realized. In their standard version these salt-bath furnaces are equipped with safety technology for heat treatment of steel. As additional feature they can be equipped with extended safety technology for heat treatment of light metals.

- Tmax 750 °C or 1000 °C in the salt bath
- Safety technology according to EN 60519-2
- Useful for heat treatment of steel
- Salt bath temperature control
- Electric (TS) all-round heating or gas heating (TSB)
- Removable collar plate made of solid steel
- Insulated swing-a-way lid

Crucibles
- Type P: low carbon steel and CrNi plated for carburizing, neutral salt and annealing baths up to 850 °C
- Type C: high alloy CrNi steel for neutral salt and annealing baths up to 1000 °C and for dip brazing of Aluminium

Additional equipment
- Exhaust gas collection at rim for connection to an exhaust system
- Enhanced safety systems for heat treatment of aluminium and magnesium in the salt bath with second over-temperature limiter with manual reset and PLC-bath control with thermocouples in the salt bath and in the furnace chamber
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax</th>
<th>Inner dimensions salt-bath crucible</th>
<th>Volume</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection*</th>
<th>Weight in kg</th>
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<td>750</td>
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<td>TS 30/18</td>
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<td>950 x 950 x 800</td>
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<td>750</td>
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<tr>
<td>TS 50/48</td>
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<td>1150 x 1150 x 970</td>
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<td>TS 60/63</td>
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<td>610 x 800</td>
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<td>TS 70/72</td>
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<td>TS 90/90</td>
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<td>1600 x 1600 x 1400</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>1700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher
2 Salt bath temperature

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
Martempering hardening in practice

Martempering Furnaces using Neutral Salts
Electrically Heated

QS 20 - QS 400 martempering furnaces are filled with neutral salt and offer remarkably rapid and intensive heat transmission to the workpiece while ensuring optimum temperature uniformity. For working temperatures at between 180 °C and 500 °C these martempering furnaces are ideal for quenching or cooling with minimal workpiece distortion, retempering, austempering for optimal toughness, recrystallization annealing after electrical discharge machining (EDM) and for blueing.

The quenching or cooling process is applied in order to achieve an even temperature uniformity throughout the workpiece’s entire cross-section before the formation of martensite and to avoid distortion and formation of cracks in valuable mechanical components during the subsequent hardening process.

Tempering in a martempering bath is the same as the tempering process in forced convection furnace and is used to reduce a previously hardened workpiece to a desired hardness, to increase toughness and reduce stress within the workpiece.

Austempering is a good choice to achieve a high level of toughness and dimensional accuracy in oil hardened low-alloy steels. Workpieces subject to austempering have high tensile strength and good elasticity.

- Tmax 500 °C
- Optimal temperature uniformity
- Martemper bath temperature control
- Over-temperature limiter with adjustable cutout temperature for thermal protection class 2 in accordance with EN 60519-2 as temperature limiter to protect the furnace and load
- Heating with immersion heating elements
- Charging basket
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- NTLog Basic for Nabertherm controller: recording of process data with USB-flash drive
- Controls description see page 80

Additional equipment
- Charging aid mounted on side of furnace
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

Information about salts by Petrofer and Durferrit and their application

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Salt</th>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Working temperature in °C</th>
<th>Comment</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AS 135/140</td>
<td>Martempering hardening, tempering, austempering</td>
<td>180 - 500</td>
<td>Not for use with workpieces which are heated up to above 950 °C and salts which contain more than 13 % KCN</td>
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<td>AS 220/225</td>
<td>Tempering, austempering</td>
<td>250 - 500</td>
<td>Nitrite-free in the as-received condition</td>
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<tr>
<td>AS 200/235</td>
<td>Tempering</td>
<td>280 - 500</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 200/235</td>
<td>Tempering</td>
<td>340 - 500</td>
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</table>

Martempering furnace QS 30 with charging aid
Martempering hardening in practice
Double martempering bath

* Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher
* Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage

Model | Tmax in °C | Inner dimensions in mm | Volume in l | Outer dimensions in mm | Heating power in kW | Electrical connection | Weight in kg |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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<td>QS 20</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>300 x 210 x 460</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>610 x 580 x 920</td>
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<tr>
<td>QS 30</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>300 x 210 x 580</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>610 x 580 x 920</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>1-phase</td>
<td>140</td>
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<td>QS 70</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>400 x 300 x 680</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>750 x 680 x 980</td>
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<td>QS 200</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>540 x 520 x 880</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>900 x 900 x 1200</td>
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<td>3-phase</td>
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<td>QS 400</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>730 x 720 x 980</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>1100 x 1100 x 1300</td>
<td>24.0</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
<td>1150</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

61
Rotary Hearth Furnaces up to 1300 °C with and without Air Circulation
Electrically Heated or Gas-Fired

The rotary hearth furnaces of the DH product line are optimally suited for continuous processes on a small floor space. They are designed for preheating processes such as the preheating of metal parts for forging. Charging and discharging can be done at one position — either by a person or fully automatic. The hearth rotates in pre-set segments individually reconciled with the workpart geometry. The rotational speed and rotational intervals can be defined by the control system or by manual switching.

The rotary hearth furnaces are specifically designed for the required throughput and charge dimensions. They are heated electrically or alternatively gas-fired by means of powerful gas burners. Subject to the temperature range these rotary hearth furnaces are equipped with or without air circulation.

- Tmax 1100 °C, 1200 °C or 1300 °C without air circulation
- Tmax 260 °C, 600 °C or 850 °C with air circulation
- Wire heating elements in the furnaces ceiling for furnaces up to 1200 °C
- SiC heating rods in the furnace ceiling for furnaces up to 1300 °C
- Gas heating as an alternative to electrical heating
- Rotary hearth furnaces for 650 °C and 850 °C with powerful air circulation for better heat transfer onto the charge and to optimize the temperature uniformity
- Very compact design compared with continuous furnaces
- Designed for continuous operation at one working temperature
- Table diameter up to 3000 mm
- Hearth movement in defined segments
- Low-vibration movement of the rotary hearth
- Parallel swivel door
- Motor-driven or rotational motion initiated by foot switch
- Furnace bottom can be lowered using a forklift truck for maintenance purposes
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- Controls description see page 80
Rotary hearth furnace DH 2100/0/750/13S

Additional equipment
- Exhaust hood above the door opening for discharge of the warm exhaust air when door is open
- Pneumatic drive of the parallel swivel door
- Charging aids for ease of loading and unloading
- Multi-zone control for adjustable thermal profile during the cycle
- Protective gas connections
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

Size examples

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm Ø Outer x Ø Inner x h</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm W x D x H</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection</th>
<th>Weight in kg</th>
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<td>1200 x 0 x 300</td>
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<tr>
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<td>2400 x 2300 x 2450</td>
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<td>3-phase</td>
<td>1500</td>
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<tr>
<td>DH 3020/1480/450/11</td>
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<td>3022 x 1480 x 450</td>
<td>2500</td>
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<td>98.0</td>
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<td>DH 2100/0/750/13S</td>
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<td>2600</td>
<td>3364 x 3364 x 2701</td>
<td>650.0</td>
<td>gas-fired</td>
<td>8300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage

Pre-heating of steel rings for forging in a rotary hearth furnace

Furnace bottom can be lowered for maintenance purposes
Continuous Furnaces
Electrically Heated or Gas-Fired

Continuous furnace plant for working temperatures up to 260 °C with integrated cooling station
Continuous furnaces are the right choice for processes with fixed cycle times such as drying or preheating, curing, aging, vulcanisation or degassing. The furnaces are available for various temperatures up to a maximum of 1400 °C. The furnace design depends on the required throughput, the process requirements for heat treatment and the required cycle time.

The conveyor technology is tailored to the required working temperature, geometry and weight of the charge and to the requirements regarding available space and integration into the process chain. The conveyor speed and the number of control zones are defined by the process specifications.
Continuous Furnaces
Electrically Heated or Gas-Fired

Conveyor plant D 1600/3100/1200/55, consisting of solution annealing furnace, cooling station and conveyor system

Conveyor concepts
- Conveyor belt
- Metal conveyor belt with adjusted mesh gauges
- Drive chain
- Roller conveyors
- Paternoster
- Pusher-type
- Rotary hearth

Mesh belt drive in a continuous furnace

Continuous furnace D 700/10000/300/45S with chain conveyor for 950 °C, gas-fired

Heating systems
- Electric heating, radiation or convection
- Direct or indirect gas-fired
- Infrared heating
- Heating with the use of external heat sources
Temperature cycles
- Control of working temperature across the whole length of the furnace, such as for drying or preheating
- Automatic control of a process curve applying defined heat-up, dwell and cooling time
- Heat treatment including a final quenching of the charge

Process atmosphere
- In air
- For processes with organic outgassings incl. mandatory safety technology according to EN 1539 (NFPA 86)
- In non-flammable protective or reactive gases such as nitrogen, argon or forming gas
- In flammable protective or reactive gases such as hydrogen incl. the necessary safety technology

Basic configuration criteria
- Conveyor speed
- Temperature uniformity
- Operating temperature
- Process curve
- Work space width
- Charge weights
- Cycle time or throughput
- Length of charge and discharge zone
- Generated exhaust gases
- Specific industry standards such as AMS, CQI-9, FDA etc.
- Other individual customer requirements
Wire and Strand Annealing Furnaces

These models are particularly suitable for continuous heat treatment at operation temperatures up to 1200 °C. The modular design allows adjustment to different length and width requirements. The heating elements are mounted on only one side of the furnace and can be changed individually during operation. Optimum temperature uniformity is achieved by means of a multiple zone control system tailored to the furnace dimensions.

- **Tmax 1200 °C**

**Modular design, variable length**
- Small outer dimensions due to efficient microporous silica insulation
- Special heating elements that can be changed during operation
- Heating from the ceiling
- Optimum temperature uniformity by means of multiple zone control
- Defined application within the constraints of the operating instructions
- Controls description see page 80

**Additional equipment**
- Gas supply systems for non-flammable or flammable protective or reaction gases including hydrogen in the muffle tubes, with burn off torch and safety technology
- Process and charge documentation
- Double chamber furnace system with parallel chambers for simultaneous operation at different temperatures
- Process control and documentation via VCD software package or Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for monitoring, documentation and control see page 80

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Inner dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection*</th>
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<td>180 590 8000 1350 80 3-phase</td>
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<td>250 1400 6000 1350 80 3-phase</td>
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<td>850 7600 100</td>
<td>320 1400 8000 1350 160 3-phase</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
Energy Efficiency Technology

In face of rising energy prices and stricter environmental regulations there is increasing demand for heat treatment plants with greater energy efficiency.

Depending on the furnace size and the process there is always a certain amount of potential energy which can be recovered from the waste heat and re-used. This is especially true for large furnace plants or long process times which allow for huge energy savings that the additional investment has a short pay-back time. The thermal energy from finished charges can also be used to preheat cold charges which is also an efficient way of saving energy.

The following examples outline engineering alternatives for heat recovery:

Heat Exchangers
The principle of the counterflow heat exchanger is to use the hot exhaust gas coming from the furnace to pre-heat the cold fresh air channelled into the furnace. In many cases, there is no need anymore for a separate fresh air preheating unit. Such a system is recommended if the process requires continuous air exchange in the furnace chamber, such as when tempering silicone, or during drying processes that are covered by the EN 1539 industrial standard.

Recuperator Burners
Large gas-fired heat-treatment furnaces are especially advantageous for the installation of recuperator burners. Recuperator burners also use hot exhaust gas to pre-heat the combustion air. Depending on the furnace model and the process, substantial energy savings of as much as 25% can be realized by using recuperator burners so that there is a short pay-back time for the additional purchase costs.

Heat Transfer Chambers
Heat transfer chambers, which can also be described as cooling/heating chambers, offer two enormous advantages. For one, they help save energy, and for another, using a heat transfer chamber increases productivity.

The load is removed from the furnace while it is still hot and placed in the heat transfer chamber. The chamber also has room for a new, cold charge. Circulating the air cools the hot charge and, at the same time, preheats the cold charge before it is put into the furnace. Consequently, the furnace heating does not have to provide the thermal energy and through-put capacity of the furnace is increased at the same time.

The above systems for enhancing energy efficiency are only a few examples of technical alternatives. We would be happy to advise you on whether an additional heat recovery module would also be a sensible add-on to your furnace or plant.
Tempering Plants for Aluminum and Steel
Drop-bottom furnaces are used for solution annealing and subsequent rapid quenching of aluminum alloys. In particular, with thin-walled aluminum components quench delay times of just 5 seconds from when the door begins to open until complete immersion in the quench tank are required. Generally, these requirements can be met only with this furnace design. The drop-bottom furnace stands on a base so that a quench tank can be positioned directly below the furnace. For the quenching process, the furnace bottom moves horizontally to the side. The loaded basket drops out of the furnace into the quench tank guided by wire cables. The lifting system can be controlled automatically or semi-automatically. Because of the broad working temperature range, drop-bottom furnace plants allow complete T6 heat treatments, consisting of solution annealing, quenching, and artificial aging in just one furnace.

Drop-bottom design alternatives
- Drop-bottom furnace with stationary quench tank as a cost-effective, space saving variant
- Drop-bottom furnace with movable quench tank, including holding position for charging and optional unloading crane
- Customized designs with several furnaces, several tanks and several holding positions for fully automatic processing of several charges

System details
- Working temperature range between 80 °C and 600 °C
- Working temperature can be extended to 650 °C
- Heating generally electric; direct or indirect gas heating is also possible
- Air flow, depending on space conditions and charge geometry, horizontal or vertical
- Compliance with relevant aircraft and automobile standards, such as AMS 2750 E, AMS 2770/2771, or CQI-9 as an option
Quench Tanks

Water or polymer quench tanks have a single stainless steel wall and have an integrated circulation system of the quenching medium for effective removal of energy from the charge. Temperature and level are monitored. All tanks have connections for water feed and drainage and a heat exchanger. On request, the quench tank can be equipped with a controlled heating to preheat the quenching medium and/or a heat exchanger for cooling. If the quenching medium is to be kept continuously at a high temperature, a tank insulation with or without cover is recommended.

Based on Siemens PLC technology the system is operated conveniently with PC-based Nabertherm Control Center software. Components can also be moved manually via a Mobile Panel.

Customized drop-bottom designs are tailored and manufactured to customer needs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size examples</th>
<th>Tmax °C</th>
<th>Work space dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Volume in l</th>
<th>Outer dimensions in mm</th>
<th>Heating power in kW</th>
<th>Electrical connection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FS 2000/60HAS</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>800 1200 1200 2000</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>5377**</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FS 2200/60HAS</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>1100 1100 1100 2200</td>
<td>2200</td>
<td>5550**</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FS 5350/60AS</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>1400 1400 1200 5350</td>
<td>5350</td>
<td>7554**</td>
<td>196</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FS 5670/60AS</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>1500 1500 1350 5670</td>
<td>5670</td>
<td>6452***</td>
<td>196</td>
<td>3-phase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Depending on furnace design connected load might be higher

*Please see page 81 for more information about supply voltage
**with quench tank on cart
***with quench tank in a pit
To temper steel, after annealing the furnace is opened at working temperatures of more than 1000 °C. The lift door opens and the manipulator places the charge into the quenching medium. After quenching the charge is placed into the forced convection chamber furnace for tempering. Good temperature uniformity is important.

Oil or water is used as a quenching medium. Depending on the steel grade and the required cooling rate, the charge can also be force-cooled or quenched in an air quenching chamber.

Alternative plant designs are tailored to process requirements. For lighter charge weights a manual tempering plant can be used, consisting of an annealing furnace, quench tank and manual manipulator. Semi-automatic or fully automatic plants are used for heavy loads and high throughput rates. The charge is placed into the hot furnace and subsequently into the quench tank by a manipulator.

The customer specifies the needed quenching delay time for the individual process counting from opening the furnace door until the charge is completely immersed in the quenching medium. Fast delay times are only possible with a powered manipulator. If the quenching delay time is not so critical, for example for heavy and thick-walled parts, bogie hearth furnaces can also be used. The bogie is driven out of the furnace electrically and the components can be transferred and quenched by a crane.
Top hat furnaces are suitable for long components or for processes with no need for short quenching delay times. The top hat is opened while the furnace is hot and the charge is then transferred and quenched by the customer’s crane with a C-hook.

Annealing Furnace Design Alternatives
- Chamber furnace with radiation heating and a lift door for charging with a manipulator
- Bogie hearth furnace with powered bogie for charging with a crane for low quenching delay time requirements
- Top hat furnace for long components, such as rod material for charging with a crane and C-hook

Quenching Design Alternatives
- Quench tanks with water, oil or polymer as a quenching medium see page 57
- Cooling station with powerful fan cooling for air quenching.

Charge Transfer Alternatives
- Manual manipulator for manual tempering plants
- Electric manipulator for manual tempering plants
- Rail-mounted 2-axe manipulator, semi-automatic for charging, unloading and quenching the charge in a liquid medium
- Rail-mounted 2-axe manipulator, semi-automatic or fully automatic for charging, unloading, quenching, subsequent tempering in forced convection furnace or transferring to a holding position

The charge is placed in the hot furnace by a manipulator and is also removed and transferred to the quenching medium while it is hot.
Temperature Uniformity and System Accuracy

Temperature uniformity is defined as the maximum temperature deviation in the work space of the furnace. There is a general difference between the furnace chamber and the work space. The furnace chamber is the total volume available in the furnace. The work space is smaller than the furnace chamber and describes the volume which can be used for charging.

Specification of Temperature Uniformity in +/- K in the Standard Furnace
In the standard design the temperature uniformity is specified in +/- K at a defined set-temperature with the work space of the empty furnace during the dwell time. In order to make a temperature uniformity survey the furnace should be calibrated accordingly. As standard our furnaces are not calibrated upon delivery.

Calibration of the Temperature Uniformity in +/- K
If an absolute temperature uniformity at a reference temperature or at a defined reference temperature range is required, the furnace must be calibrated appropriately. If, for example, a temperature uniformity of +/- 5 K at a set temperature of 750 °C is required, it means that measured temperatures may range from a minimum of 745 °C to a maximum of 755 °C in the work space.

System Accuracy
Tolerances may occur not only in the work space, they also exist with respect to the thermocouple and in the controls. If an absolute temperature uniformity in +/- K at a defined set temperature or within a defined reference working temperature range is required, the following measures have to be taken:

- Measurement of total temperature deviation of the measurement line from the controls to the thermocouple
- Measurement of temperature uniformity within the work space at the reference temperature or within the reference temperature range
- If necessary, an offset is set at the controls to adjust the displayed temperature at the controller to the real temperature in the furnace
- Documentation of the measurement results in a protocol

Temperature Uniformity in the Work Space incl. Protocol
In standard furnaces a temperature uniformity is guaranteed as +/- K without measurement of temperature uniformity. However, as additional feature, a temperature uniformity measurement at a reference temperature in the work space compliant with DIN 17052-1 can be ordered. Depending on the furnace model, a holding frame which is equivalent in size to the charge space is inserted into the furnace. This frame holds thermocouples at defined measurement positions (11 thermocouples with square cross-section, 9 thermocouple with circular cross-section). The temperature uniformity measurement is performed at a reference temperature specified by the customer at a pre-defined dwell time. If necessary, different reference temperatures or a defined reference working temperature range can also be calibrated.
Standards such as the AMS 2750 E (Aerospace Material Specifications) are applicable for the industrial processing of high-quality materials. They define industry-specific requirements for heat treatment. Today, the AMS 2750 E and derivative standards such as AMS 2770 for the heat treatment of aluminum are the guidelines for the aerospace industry. After the introduction of the CQI-9, the automotive industry has also committed to submit heat treatment processes to stricter rules. These standards describe in detail the requirements applicable to thermal processing plants.

- Temperature uniformity in the work space (TUS)
- Instrumentation (definition of measurement and control systems)
- Calibration of the measurement system (IT) from the controller via the measurement line to the thermocouple.
- Inspections of system accuracy (SAT)
- Documentation of the inspection cycles

Norm compliance is necessary to ensure that the required quality standard of the manufactured components can also be reproduced in series. For this reason, extensive and repeated inspections as well as controls of the instrumentation, including the relevant documentation, are required.

**Furnace Class and Instrumentation Requirements of the AMS 2750 E**

Depending on the quality requirements of heat treatment job the customer specifies instrumentation type and the temperature uniformity class. The instrumentation type describes the necessary combination of the applied control, recording media as well as thermocouples. The temperature uniformity of the furnace and the class of the selected instrumentation are defined based on the required furnace class. The higher the requirements are set for the furnace class the more precise the instrumentation must be.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instrumentation Type</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>Temperature Uniformity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Each control zone has a thermocouple connected to the controller</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>+/- 3 +/- 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recording of the temperature measured by the control thermocouple</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>+/- 6 +/- 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensors for recording the coldest and hottest spots</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>+/- 8 +/- 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each control zone has a charge thermocouple with recording system</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>+/- 10 +/- 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each control zone has an over-temperature protection unit</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>+/- 14 +/- 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>+/- 24 +/- 50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Regular Inspections**

The furnace or the heat treatment plant must be designed so that the requirements of the AMS 2750 E can be met and be reproduced. The standard also requires the inspection intervals for the instrumentation (SAT = System Accuracy Test) and the temperature uniformity of the furnace (TUS = Temperature Uniformity Survey). The SAT/TUS tests must be performed by the customer with measuring devices and sensors which operate independently of the furnace instrumentation.

**Nabertherm Services**

The suitable furnace model for the corresponding heat treatment can be designed based on the process, the charge, the required furnace class and the type of instrumentation. Depending on the required specs, alternative solutions can be offered.

- Furnace designs, which meet standards, following customer specifications regarding furnace class and instrumentation, incl. gauge connections for repeated customer inspections at regular intervals. No consideration of requirements with respect to documentation
- Data recording devices (e.g., temperature recorder) for TUS and/or SAT measurements see page 82
- Data recording, visualization, time management via the Nabertherm Control Center (NCC), based on Siemens WinCC software see page 80
- Commissioning at site, incl. the first TUS and SAT inspection
- Connection of existing furnace plant to meet norm requirements
- Documentation of the complete process chain in line with the corresponding norm
AMS 2750 E, NADCAP, CQI-9

Implementation of AMS 2750 E

Basically, two different systems are available for control and documentation, a proven Nabertherm system solution or instrumentation using Eurotherm controllers/temperature recorders. The Nabertherm AMS package is a convenient solution that includes the Nabertherm Control Center for control, visualization, and documentation of the processes and test requirements based on PLC control.

Instrumentation with Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) for Control, Visualization, and Documentation based on a Siemens PLC Controls

The attractive feature of the instrumentation with Nabertherm Control Center in combination with PLC controls of the furnace is the convenient data input and visualization. The software programming is structured in a way that both the user and the auditor can navigate it without difficulty.

In daily use, the following product characteristics stand out:

- Very easy to navigate and straight-forward presentation of all the data in plain text on the PC
- Automatic saving of the charge documentation at the end of the program
- Administration of the calibration cycles in the NCC
- Results of the measurement distance calibration are entered in the NCC
- Schedule management of the required testing cycles including a reminder function. The testing cycles for TUS (Temperature Uniformity Survey) and SAT (System Accuracy Test) are entered in days and monitored by the system and the operator or tester is informed in time about up-coming tests. The values of the tests are entered directly into NCC and saved as PDF files on the PC. There are no additional tasks involved in documenting the tests.
- Option of transferring the measurement data to a customer’s server

Example of a design with Type A Nabertherm Control Center
The Nabertherm Control Center can be extended to enable a complete documentation of the heat treatment process apart from just the furnace data. For example, when heat-treating aluminum, in addition to the furnace, the temperatures in the quenching basin or a separate cooling medium can also be documented.

**Example of a design containing Type D Eurotherm instrumentation**

**Alternative Instrumentation with Temperature Controllers and Recorders from Eurotherm**

As an alternative to instrumentation with the Nabertherm Control Center (NCC) and PLC controls, instrumentation with controllers and temperature recorders is also available. The temperature recorder has a log function that must be configured manually. The data can be saved to a USB stick and be evaluated, formatted, and printed on a separate PC. Besides the temperature recorder, which is integrated into the standard instrumentation, a separate recorder for the TUS measurements is needed (see page 80).
Nabertherm has many years of experience in the design and construction of both standard and custom control alternatives. All controls are remarkable for their ease of use and even in the basic version have a wide variety of functions.

**Standard Controllers**

Our extensive line of standard controllers satisfies most customer requirements. Based on the specific furnace model, the controller regulates the furnace temperature reliably and is equipped with an integrated USB-interface for documentation of process data (NTLog/NTGraph).

The standard controllers are developed and fabricated within the Nabertherm group. When developing controllers, our focus is on ease of use. From a technical standpoint, these devices are custom-fit for each furnace model or the associated application. From the simple controller with an adjustable temperature to the control unit with freely configurable control parameters, stored programs and PID microprocessor control with self-diagnosis system, we have a solution to meet your requirements.

**HiProSystems Control and Documentation**

This professional process control with PLC controls for single and multi-zone furnaces is based on Siemens hardware and can be adapted and upgraded extensively. HiProSystems control is used when more than two process-dependent functions, such as exhaust air flaps, cooling fans, automatic movements, etc., have to be handled during a cycle, when furnaces with more than one zone have to be controlled, when special documentation of each batch is required and when remote service is required. It is flexible and is easily tailored to your process or documentation needs.

**Alternative User Interfaces for HiProSystems**

**Process control H500/H700**

This basic panel accommodates most basic needs and is very easy to use. Firing cycle data and the extra functions activated are clearly displayed in a table. Messages appear as text. Data can be stored on a USB stick using the „NTLog Comfort“ option (not available for all H700).

**Process control H1700**

Customized versions can be realized in addition to the scope of services of the H500/H700

**Process control H3700**

Display of functions on a large 12” display. Display of basic data as online trend or as a graphical system overview.

**Control, Visualisation and Documentation with Nabertherm Control Center NCC**

Upgrading the HiProSystems-Control individually into a PC-based NCC provides for additional interfaces, operating documentation, and service benefits in particular for controlling furnace groups including charge beyond the furnace itself (quenching tank, cooling station etc.):

- Recommended for heat treatment processes with extensive requirements in respect to documentation e.g. for metals, technical ceramics or in the medicine field
- Software extension can be used also in accordance with the AMS 2750 E (NADCAP)
- Documentation according to the requirements of Food and Drug Administration (FDA), Part 11, EGV 1642/03 possible
- Charge data can be read in via barcodes
- Interface for connection to overriding systems
- Connection to mobile phone or stationary network for malfunction message transmission via SMS
- Control from various locations over the network
- Measurement range calibration up to 18 temperatures per measuring point for use at different temperatures. For norm-relevant applications a multilevel calibration is possible.
### Mains Voltages for Nabertherm Furnaces

1-phase: all furnaces are available for mains voltages from 110 V - 240 V at 50 or 60 Hz.

3-phase: all furnaces are available for mains voltages from 200 V - 240 V or 380 V - 480 V, at 50 or 60 Hz.

The connecting rates in the catalog refer to the standard furnace with 400 V (3/N/PE) respectively 230 V (1/N/PE).
Data storing of Nabertherm controllers with NTLog Basic

NTLog Basic allows for recording of process data of the connected Nabertherm Controller (B400, B410, C440, C450, P470, P480) on a USB stick.

The process documentation with NTLog Basic requires no additional thermocouples or sensors. Only data recorded which are available in the controller.

The data stored on the USB stick (up to 80,000 data records, format CSV) can afterwards be evaluated on the PC either via NTGraph or a spreadsheet software used by the customer (e.g. MS Excel).

For protection against data manipulation the generated data records contain checksums.

Data storing of HiProSystems with NTLog Comfort

The extension module NTLog Comfort offers the same functionality of NTLog Basic module. Process data from a HiProSytems control are read out and stored in real time on a USB stick (not available for all H700 systems). The extension module NTLog Comfort can also be connected using an Ethernet connection to a computer in the same local network so that data can be written directly onto this computer.

Visualization with NTGraph

The process data from NTLog can be visualized either using the customer’s own spreadsheet program (e.g. MS-Excel) or NTGraph (Freeware). With NTGraph Nabertherm provides for a user-friendly tool free of charge for the visualization of the data generated by NTLog. Prerequisite for its use is the installation of the program MS Excel for Windows (version 2003/2010/2013). After data import presentation as diagram, table or report can be chosen. The design (color, scaling, reference labels) can be adapted by using prepared sets.

NTGraph is available in seven languages (DE/EN/FR/SP/IT/CH/RU). In addition, selected texts can be generated in other languages.
VCD-Software for Visualization, Control and Documentation

Documentation and reproducibility are more and more important for quality assurance. The powerful VCD software represents an optimal solution for single multi furnace systems as well as charge documentation on the basis of Nabertherm controllers.

The VCD software is used to record process data from the controllers B400/B410, C440/C450 and P470/P480. Up to 400 different heat treatment programs can be stored. The controllers are started and stopped via the software. The process is documented and archived accordingly. The data display can be carried out in a diagram or as data table. Even a transfer of process data to MS Excel (.csv format *) or the generation of reports in PDF format is possible.

Features

- Available for controllers B400/B410/C440/C450/P470/P480
- Suitable for operating systems Microsoft Windows 7 (32/64 Bit) or 8/8.1 (32/64 Bit)
- Simple installation
- Setting, Archiving and print of programs and graphics
- Operation of controllers via PC
- Archiving of process curves from up to 16 furnaces (also multi-zone controlled)
- Redundant saving of archives on a server drive
- Higher security level due to binary data storage
- Free input of charge date with comfortable search function
- Possibility to evaluate data, files can be converted to Excel
- Generation of a PDF-report
- 17 languages selectable
The whole World of Nabertherm: www.nabertherm.com

Please visit our website www.nabertherm.com and find out all you want to know about us - and especially about our products.

Besides news and our current calendar of trade fairs, there is also the opportunity to get in touch directly with your local sales office or nearest dealer worldwide.

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- Dental
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